

Parameter Manual

Appendix to TA-BL/P manual

Starting from software version 4.14

| Mode | Para | Parameter name | Value | Unit | Mode |
|------|------|---|-------|-------|------|
| ○ | 1/02 | MAXS Maximum Speed | 0 | 1/min | ○ |
| ○ | 1/03 | MINS Minimum Speed | 0 | 1/min | ○ |
| ○ | 1/04 | PRST1 Preset Speed (or Ratio) 1 | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/05 | PRST2 Preset Speed (or Ratio) 2 | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/06 | PRST3 Preset Speed (or Ratio) 3 | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/07 | IL1Q Current Limit 1st Quadrant | 0,0 | A | ○ |
| ○ | 1/08 | 4Qen 4Q Operation Enabled | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/09 | IL4Q Current Limit 4th Quadrant | 0,0 | A | ○ |
| ○ | 1/10 | RAMP Select Ramp Mode (Jump, Lin., s) | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/11 | ACCEL Acceleration Time | 0,0 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 1/12 | DECCEL Deceleration Time | 0,0 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 1/13 | LeadDe Leaded Deceleration | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/14 | BraDe Wait With HOLD for 0.5s Using a Brake | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/15 | DelOf Turn Regulator off if Analog Input is 0 | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 1/16 | P_AMP Proportional Amplifier for Speed | 0 | % | ○ |
| ○ | 1/17 | I_AMP Integral Amplifier for Speed | 0 | % | ○ |
| ○ | 1/18 | YIOP Limit Integral Part for Speed | 0 | 1/min | ○ |
| ○ | 1/19 | Save Save Parameter to EEPROM | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/02 | Stdrd Load Standard Parameter | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/03 | RATSP Motor rated Speed (BL-N-motors lower speed) | 0 | 1/min | ○ |
| ○ | 2/04 | POLES Poles of Motor | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/05 | PPR Pulses per Revolution | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/06 | MRACU Motor Rated Current | 0,0 | A | ○ |
| ○ | 2/07 | MPECU Motor Peak Current (Limits IL1Q/IL4Q) | 0,0 | A | ○ |
| ○ | 2/08 | OCTIM Over current time (for n < 300 rpm) | 0 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 2/09 | SETAB Select Ramp A or B | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/10 | ACC_B Acceleration Time B | 0,0 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 2/11 | DEC_B Deceleration Time B | 0,0 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 2/12 | PhAdv Phase Advance | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/13 | PHADR Phase Advance at Rated Speed | 0 | % | ○ |
| ○ | 2/14 | PHADM Phase Advance at Max Speed | 0 | % | ○ |
| ○ | 2/15 | INCR Speed + Increase Speed | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/16 | DECR Speed - Decrease Speed | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/17 | FINE Fine Adjustment, 1/4 RPM | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/18 | SWTR Switch at this Speed | 0 | 1/min | ○ |
| ○ | 2/19 | IL20 Signalize Current Limit after this time | 0 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 2/20 | Codo Fixed Function for Digital Outputs | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/21 | DirAn Select Revers by Negative rated value | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/22 | 4mA Analoginput 1: 0-20mA / 4-20mA | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 2/23 | CLT1 Torque Limit Time Constant | 0,00 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 2/24 | UVTIM Undervoltage Time | 0,0 | s | ○ |
| ○ | 2/25 | OV_4Q Overvoltage 4Q | 0 | V | ○ |
| ○ | 2/26 | PTQL Programmable Torque limit | 0,0 | % | ○ |
| ○ | 2/27 | RESER Reserved register | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 3/02 | SRES Input Selection Reset | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 3/03 | SRUN Input Selection Run | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 3/04 | SPRS1 Input Selection Preset 1 | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 3/05 | SDIR Input Selection Direction (Master) | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 3/06 | SHOLD Input Selection Hold | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 3/07 | SPRS2 Input Selection Preset 2 | 0 | | ○ |
| ○ | 3/08 | SMOT Input Selection Motorpoti | 0 | | ○ |

Parameter Manual



Information

This Parameter manual explains the different parameters of the TA-BL/P drive appliance series and is therefore subject to the same safety conditions. The precautions and warnings, mentioned in the TA-BL/P manual, must be followed. When starting a control appliance it is essential to use the TA-BL/P instruction and operating manual. The following manual is supplementary to the TA-BL/P instruction and operating manual and does not replace it.

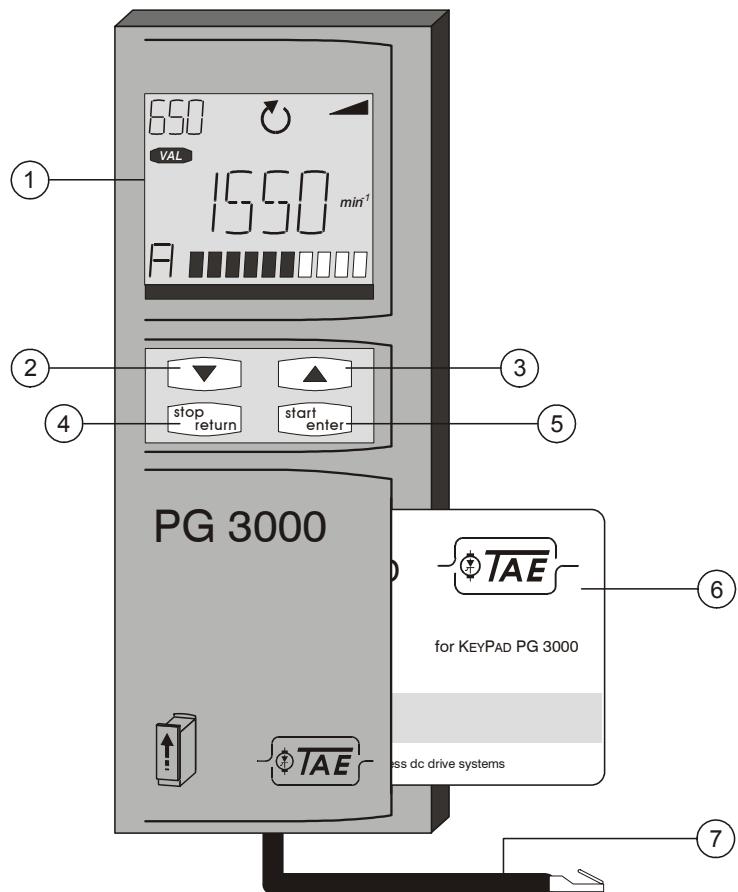
The operation should only be done by qualified personnel.

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1. Multifunction Control Unit PG 3000

1.1 Layout plan PG 3000



| Pos. | Designation | Function |
|------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | LCD display field | 140 segments, green/red background |
| 2 | Arrow key down | Scroll back in menu structure |
| 3 | Arrow key up | Scroll forward in menu structure |
| 4 | Stop/Return key | Stop (Menu CTRL), interrupt or exit from selected menu |
| 5 | Start/Enter key | Start (Menu CTRL), confirm or select menu |
| 6 | SmartCard | SmartCard data storage, saving appliance settings |
| 7 | Terminal cable | Max. length 0.30 m |

1.1.1 Technical data PG 3000

| | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Dimensions (WxHxD) | 62x158x21 mm |
| Weight | 100 g |
| Degree of protection | VBG4, IP20 |
| Ambient temperature | 0...40°C |

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1.2 Using the control elements

1.2.1 General

After the mains voltage has been switched on the appliance carries out a self-test (display background red).

The TA-BL/P... controller ends the test with a direct jump to the set actual value display (parameter 4/09)(display background green).

The menu option **VAL** is active. Press the **stop/return** key twice to switch the display to MENU and open the selection of other **MENU** options.

| Menu option | Description |
|-------------|---|
| VAL | Display actual values |
| PARA | Change parameter settings |
| CTRL | Control motor via KeyPad PG 3000 |
| CARD | Load/save appliance settings with SmartCard |



1.2.2 Control elements

Use the arrow keys to select or a menu option or to select/update individual parameters.



Press once to jump to the next menu option or parameter or to change the setting by one step.



Hold the key to scroll the settings automatically, release to stop.

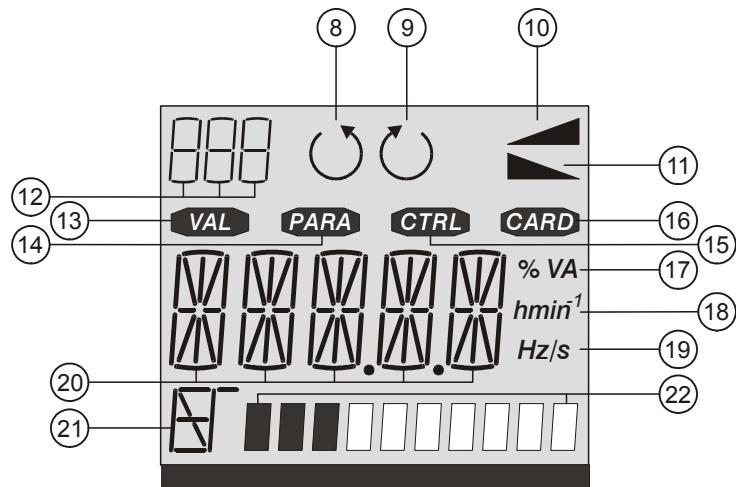
Use the **stop/return** key to exit a menu option or interrupt parameter updates (previous value remains in force).



Use the **start/enter** key to move to menu options or parameters and save changes.



1.2.3 LCD display



| Pos. | Designation | Function |
|------|---------------------------|---|
| 8 | Turn to left | Control display for motor direction, counterclockwise active |
| 9 | Turn to right | Control display for motor direction, clockwise active |
| 10 | Acceleration ramp | Control display, active during acceleration |
| 11 | Brake ramp | Control display, active during braking |
| 12 | 3-digit numeric display | 7-segment display for actual speed value in % and parameter no. |
| 13 | VAL menu | Display actual values, e.g. speed, current, line speed, a.s.o. |
| 14 | PARA menu | Change parameter settings |
| 15 | CTRL menu | Control motor via the KeyPad PG 3000 |
| 16 | CARD menu | Load/save appliance settings with the SmartCard |
| 17 | Phys. unit for Pos. 20 | Displays %, V, A, VA with automatic allocation |
| 18 | Phys. unit for Pos. 20 | Displays h, rpm with automatic allocation |
| 19 | Phys. unit for Pos. 20 | Displays Hz, s, Hz/s with automatic allocation |
| 20 | 5-digit numerical display | 15-segment display for parameter name and display |
| 21 | Bar graph designation | Displays formula characters and physical units for Pos. 22 |
| 22 | 10-digit bar graph | Displays parameter values, e.g. speed, current (parameter 4/10) |

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1.3 Actual values menu

1.3.1 Structure of the VAL menu

Use the arrow keys to select the **VAL** menu.

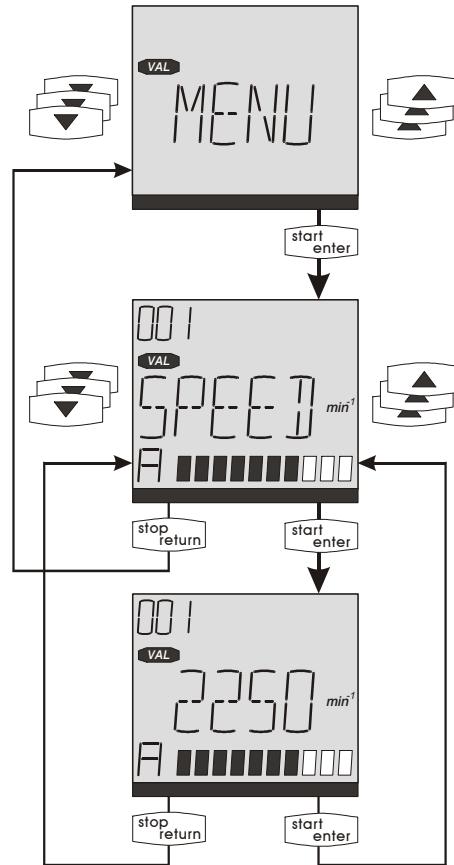
Use the **start/enter** key to confirm and switch to the **VAL** menu.

Use the arrow keys to select the required value for the display. The preset actual values are shown in table 4.2 below.

In the example, the **SPEED** value is used.

Press the **start/enter** key to display the actual value.

Press the **start/enter** or the **stop/return** key to return to the actual value selection.



1.3.2 Actual values

| Parameter | Display | Designation | Unit | Range |
|-----------|--------------|----------------------|------|---------------|
| 0/01 | SPEED | Motor speed | rpm | 0 - 6000 |
| 0/02 | CURR | Motor current | A | 0.0 - 3000.0 |
| 0/03 | LSPD | Line speed | - | 0 - 30000 |
| 0/04 | LSPD1 | Line speed 1 | - | 0.0 - 3000.0 |
| 0/05 | LSPD2 | Line speed 2 | - | 0.00 - 300.00 |
| 0/06 | POSLO | Position (low word) | - | 0 - 65535 |
| 0/07 | POSHI | Position (high word) | - | 0 - 65535 |
| 0/08 | LEAD | Leading speed | rpm | 0 - 6000 |
| 0/09 | SW | Software version | - | 0 - 9999 |
| 0/10 | BUSV | Buss voltage | V | 0 - 9999 |

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1.4 Parameter menu

1.4.1 Structure of the PARA menu

Use the arrow keys to select the **PARA** menu.

Use the **start/enter** key to confirm and the menu changes to the parameter level and the display changes to **MODE**.

Select the parameter set (**MODE**) you want to use.

Press the **start/enter** key to display the actual parameter set.

Switch to another parameter set with the arrow keys.

Press the **start/enter** key to confirm the selected parameter set and the display switches back to **MODE**.

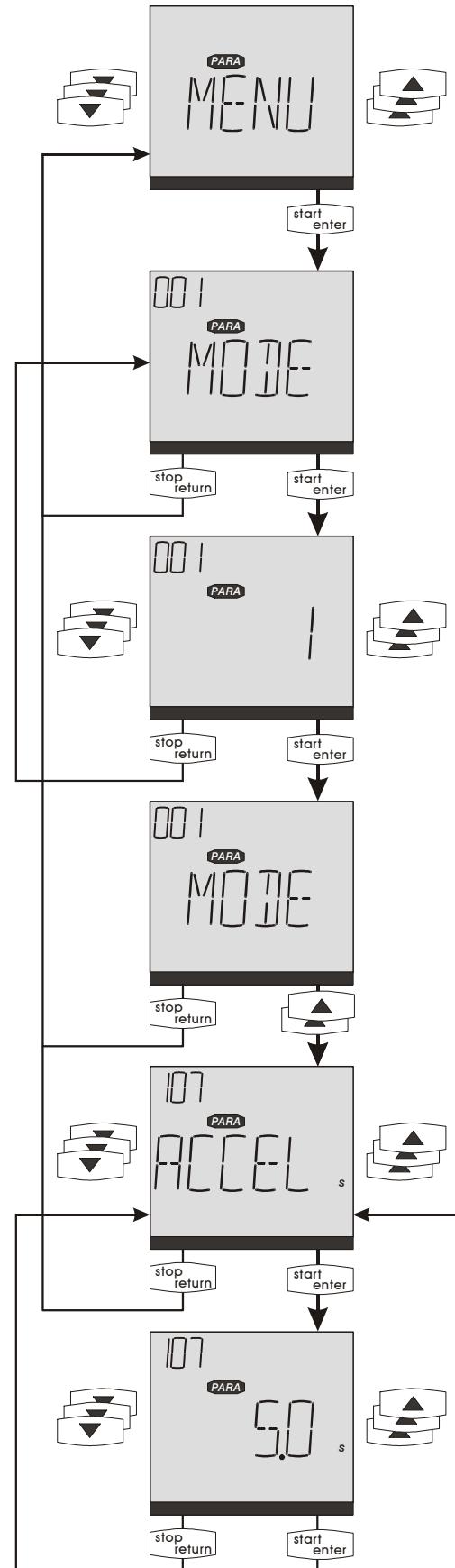
Use the arrow keys to move through the preset parameters (**MODE**).

Use the **↑** key to move upwards through the parameter list, and use the **↓** key to move down.

When you reach the parameter you want (in the example **ACCEL**) press the **start/enter** key to display the parameter's current value.

Use the arrow keys to change the value. Press the **start/enter** key to save the new value.

You can use the **stop/return** key to break off the procedure at any time. The previously stored value remains in force.



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1.5 Motor control menu

1.5.1 Structure of the CTRL menu

Use the arrow keys to select the **CTRL** menu.

Press the **start/enter** key to confirm and the program changes to password input and the display shows **PW**.

Use the arrow keys to enter the password and press the **start/enter** key to confirm (*factory setting for password = 111*).

You can now enter a setpoint value using the arrow keys (e.g. 2250 rpm).

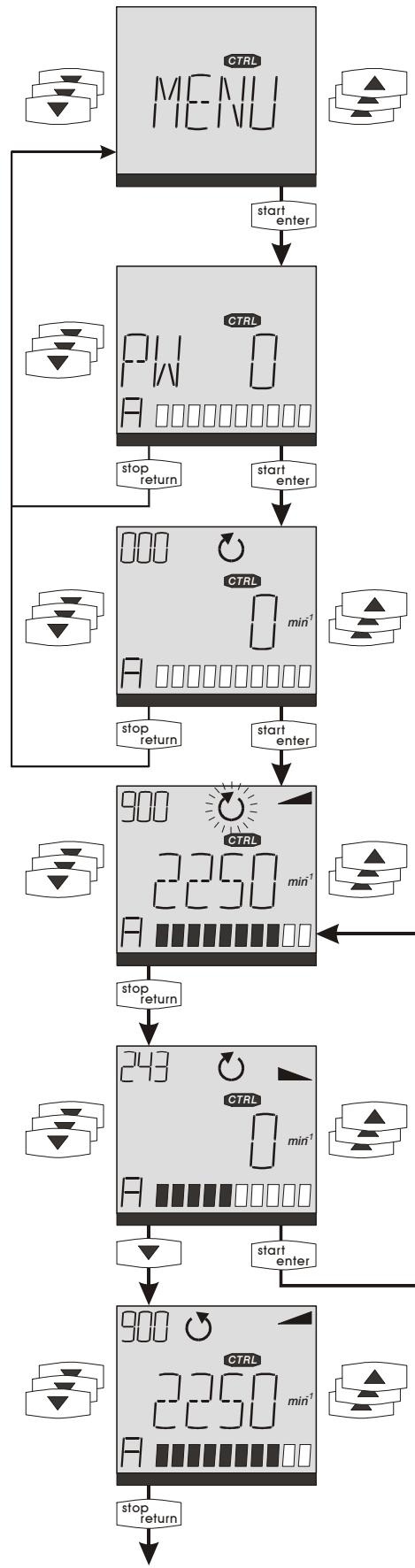
Press the **start/enter** key and the direction of rotation display begins to blink; the controller starts with the preset acceleration ramp to the setpoint value.

The display also shows the actual value in % (small display). You can change the setpoint with the arrow keys.

Press the **start/enter** key to stop the rotation display blinking; the controller moves on the preset braking ramp down to speed 0. (braking only possible at 4 quadrant operation or servo operation)

If you want to change the direction of rotation you must use the arrow keys beforehand to set the setpoint to 0. If the drive is not moving, use the **↓** key to change the direction of rotation.

You can now enter a setpoint value and release the controller by pressing the **start/enter** key.



1.6 SmartCard menu

1.6.1 Structure of the CARD menu

Use the arrow keys to select the **CARD** menu.

Use the **start/enter** key to confirm and switch to the SmartCard menu.

Use the arrow keys to select the required function. The existing functions are shown in table 8.6.2 below.

In the example, the **READ** function (download appliance settings from the SmartCard) is used.

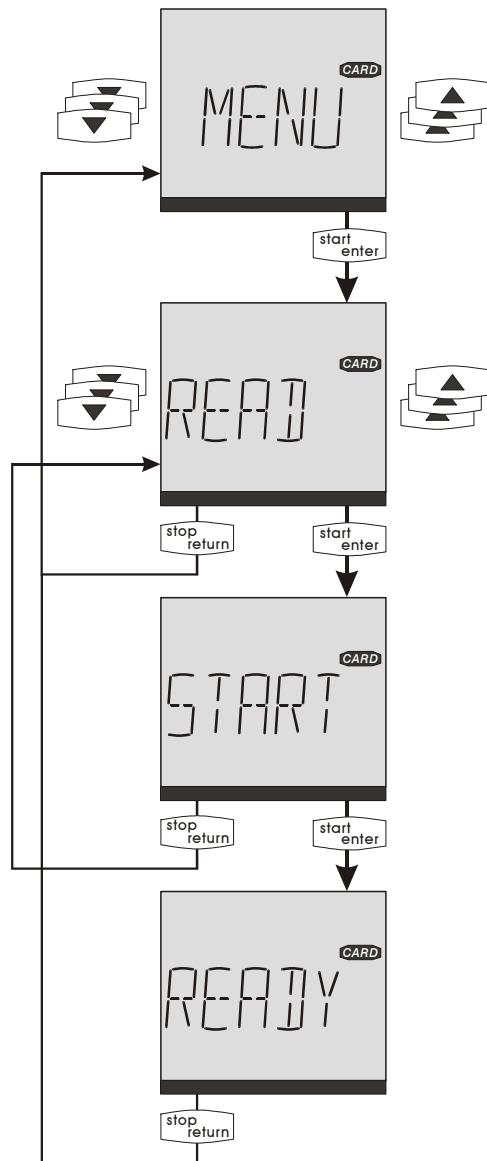
Press the **start/enter** key to confirm the function and the display shows **START**.

Press the **start/enter** to start the function.

In the example, the appliance settings are downloaded from the SmartCard to the TA-BL/P ... appliance.

If the function is completed without faults, **READY** appears in the display.

Press the **stop/return** key to return to menu selection.



1.6.2 SmartCard functions

| Display | Designation |
|---------------|---|
| READ | Download appliance settings from the SmartCard to the controller. |
| WRITE | Save appliance settings to the SmartCard. |
| LOCK | No function (reserved) |
| UNLOCK | No function (reserved) |

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1.7 Errors

1.7.1 Error messages of the TA-BL/P

The device displays following faults. The device is jammed when a fault appears, which is displayed by a red background light in the display of the PG 3000.

| Error | Display | |
|--|---------|--------|
| | Device | PG3000 |
| Motor overtemperature (only if parameter 3/55 KLIKEN is set on 1) | F0 | MTEMP |
| Overcurrent | F1 | OC |
| Overtemperature Power unit | F2 | TEMP |
| Undervoltage (only if the motor is in operation) | F3 | UV |
| BUSS-Ovvoltage | F4 | OV |
| Ripple Current | F5 | RC |
| Position Sensor HS1, HS2 or HS3 (only if parameter 3/13 POSEN is set on 1) | F6 | POS |
| Speed sensor HS4 or HS3 | F7 | SPEED |
| Plausibility Error | F8 | PFLT |
| Short-Circuit IGBT | F9 | IGBT |
| External Error (only active if a digital input is associated with parameter 3/22 SSER) | E1 | EXT |

*) Error is only evaluated at Regulators with Control Board TA-BL-E/P98 Art.-No. 78320-0F

All faults can be reseted by the terminals, the serial interface (RS 485 and RS 422), with the PG 3000 or by a communication option e.g. profibus or interbus. A fault reset is only possible when the drive is locked, the motor stands still and all faults are disappeared. If the fault is reseted externally, the latest fault in the PG 3000 remains till the PG 3000 is reseted. The PG 3000 can also be reseted during operation. If a fault in the PG 3000 is not reseted the background remains red and the display shows always the latest fault.

1.7.2 PG 3000 operator errors (*no equipment malfunktion*)

ATT1 Changing parameters in online mode (with motor running) not allowed

ATT2 Controlling motor from KeyPad PG 3000 not allowed in online mode.

ATT3 Accesss to SmartCard not allowed in online mode.

ATT4 System malfunction. Control from KeyPad PG 3000 not allowed.

ATT5 Motor data must be complete for selected function.

ERROR Invalid password

Acknowledge error by pressing **start/enter** key.

1.7.3 Errors when using SmartCard (*no equipment malfunktion*)

ERR91 SmartCard is write protected.

ERR92 Validity check error.

ERR93 SmartCard not readable. Inverter/Servo Controller type incorrect.

ERR94 SmartCard not readable. Parameters incompatible.

ERR96 Connection to SmartCard broken.

ERR97 SmartCard data invalide.

ERR98 Insufficient memory on SmartCar.

Acknowledge error by pressing **start/enter** key.

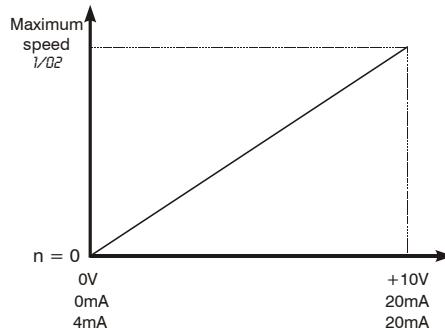
2. Parameters description

2.1 Parameter Group 1

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1/02 | MAX5 | Maximum speed | 10..6000 | 1000 | min ⁻¹ |

See also Parameters: 2/12, 2/13, 2/14

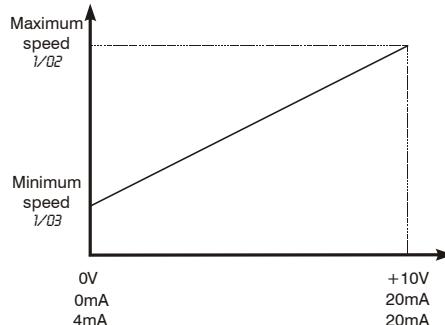
This parameter determines the maximum speed of the motor. If the speed set is greater than the rated speed of the motor, take into account that when the rated speed of the motor is exceeded, the torque might drop. When operating the motor above the rated speed of the motor, the "Advanced Function" phase should be used.



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1/03 | MINS | Minimum speed | 0..6000 | 0 | min ⁻¹ |

The minimum speed at which the motor runs without a set-point value is set under this parameter. After a successful start command, at a set-point value of 0 the drive runs up to the speed set here.

If the minimum speed set is greater than the maximum speed, it will be limited to the maximum speed. The minimum speed set takes effect with an analogue set-point value specification, motor potentiometer function or set-point value over PG 3000. With set-point value over a preset speed of PC, the minimum speed limit is not active.



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1/04 | PRST1 | Preset speed 1 / Multiplier 1 | 0..64000 | 0 | min ⁻¹ / - |

See also Parameters: 3/04, 3/13, 4/12, 4/13

The function of Parameter 1/04 PRST1 depends on the operating mode of the TA-BL/P regulator as master or slave drive (master or slave). The operating mode is determined in Parameter 3/13 SSRLV.

If the drive is operated as master drive (master), then the first preset speed can be deposited in Parameter 1/04 PRST1. The input is made in min⁻¹. The speed is always limited through the maximum speed (Parameter 1/02 MAX5), independently of the setting in Parameter 1/4 PRST1.

If the drive is employed as slave drive (slave), Parameter 1/04 PRST1 in conjunction with Parameter 4/13 determines the first multiplier to the master drive (master). The multipliers is calculated according to the following formula:

$$\text{Multiplier} = \frac{\text{Parameter 1/04}}{\text{Parameter 4/13}}$$

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Examples:

$1/04=20.000$, $4/13=10.000$ \Rightarrow Speed multiplier = 2
 $1/04=05000$, $4/13=10.000$ \Rightarrow Speed multiplier = 0,5

The various preset speeds and/or multipliers are triggered either via the digital inputs or via an communication bus (such as Profibus-DP).

The terminal allocation for selecting the preset speeds is prescribed in Parameters 3/04 SPRS1 and 3/07 SPRS2.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1/05 | PR5T2 | Preset speed 2 / Multiplier 2 | 0..64000 | 0 | min ⁻¹ / - |

See also Parameters: 3/04, 3/07

The functioning is analogous to Parameter 1/04.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1/06 | PR5T3 | Preset speed 3 / Multiplier 3 | 0..64000 | 0 | min ⁻¹ / - |

See also Parameters: 3/04, 3/07, 3/13

The functioning is analogous to Parameter 1/04.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---|-------------|--------------------|------|
| 1/07 | IL10 | Max. current during motor operation (1.Q) | 0..1..I-MAX | I-MAX | A |

See also Parameters: 2/06, 2/07, 2/08, 4/02

The maximum output current (motor current) is limited to the value indicated here. A separate critical current applies to 4Q operation [Parameter 1/08 IL4Q].

The maximum adjustable current (max. value) is limited by the software side depending on the peak motor current, rated equipment current and depending on the clock frequency set.

The maximum current in Parameter 1/07 IL10 is equivalent to 1.2-1.5 times the rated equipment current, depending on the controlling equipment. At speeds below 300 min⁻¹ output currents above the rated equipment current are limited in Parameter 2/08 OCTIM to the rated equipment value when the overcurrent period lapses.

It is not possible to set values greater than 65% of the peak motor current (Parameter 2/07 MPECL).

The maximum current enables a limitation of the motor current in the first quadrant (motor operation). When the output current reaches the value set in this parameter, the motor speed decreases as a function of the load. When the maximum motor current is reached during the acceleration phase, the start-up time is extended accordingly.

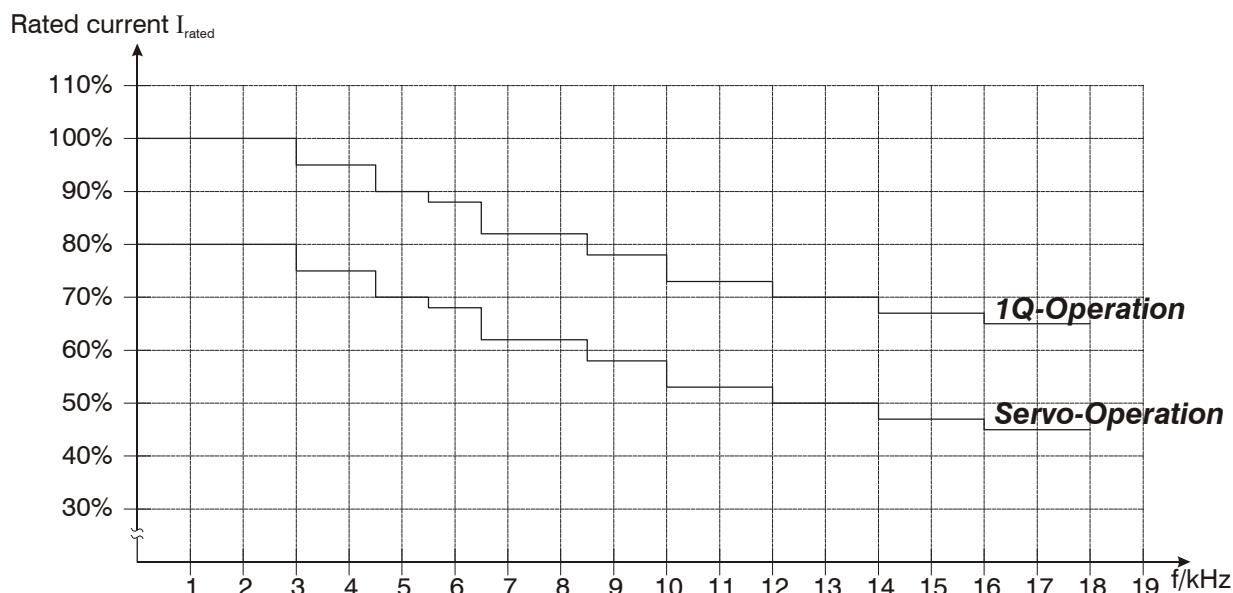
The red LED I-limit on the TA-BL/display signals the current limit being reached. It is also possible to give a message on the programmable outputs, the allocation of which is determined with Parameters 3/37-3/41.

The limitation of the maximum motor current cannot prevent the triggering of a malfunction message and disconnection through sudden overcurrent, because of a short-circuit, for example.

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The maximum current can be calculated by multiplying the peak equipment current (see table for technical data in Section 4.2.1TA-BL/P Manual) by a factor of 0.82.

The rated equipment current is listed in the following as a function of the switching frequency (Parameter 4/02 I_{MAX}). The max. current follows the same curve shape.



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 1/08 | 4QEN | Generator operation, enabled | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 2/25, 1/09

This parameter activates or deactivates the 4Q operation of the drive. When this parameter is set to 0, 4Q operation will be prevented and whenever there is a delay, the motor will spin slower and slower until the new set-point speed is reached.

With "active" loads, such as hoisting gear, the load can even accelerate the drive. When this parameter is set to 1, then the 4Q operation is enabled. An external braking unit, however, should then be used as otherwise the drive might malfunction with overcurrent in the intermediate circuit. As an example, Type BC... braking units can be used made by TAE with braking resistors. The generating braking power is limited by the generating current limit [Parameter 1/09 $IL4Q$] or by the limit value for the DC-bus voltage [Parameter 2/25 OV_4Q].

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|------|
| 1/09 | IL4Q | Current limit, Generator operation | 0,1..I-MAX | I-MAX | A |

See also Parameters: 1/08, 4/02

When you have enabled the 4Q operation of the drive [Parameter 1/08 $4QEN$], this parameter limits the maximum permissible current with 4Q operation in the fourth quadrant. The maximum permissible regulator current with 4Q operation depends on the switching frequency [Parameter 4/02 I_{MAX}], the peak motor current [Parameter 2/07 $IPPELU$] and the equipment size. You can take the exact value from the technical table in the TA-BL/P Manual Section 4.3.1.

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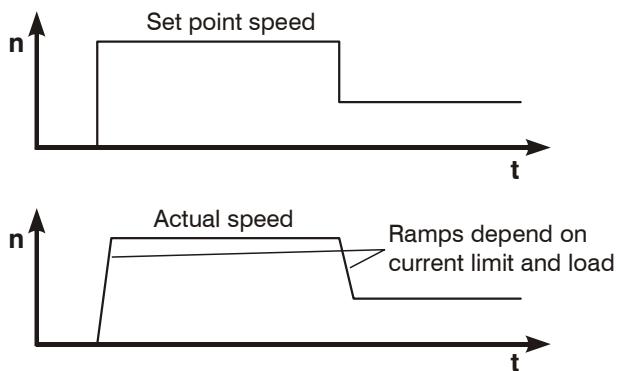
| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 1/10 | RAMP | Speed ramp type | 0..2 | 1 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/11, 1/12, 2/10, 2/11

There are various types of ramps available which should be used for the set-point speed value. 0 = no ramp (step function), 1 = linear ramp, 2 = S-curved ramp

0 = no ramp in effect

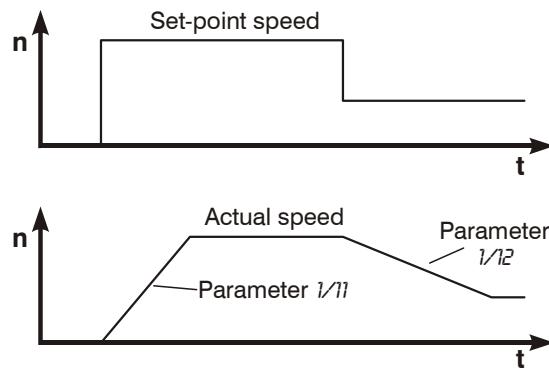
The motor speed complies with the set-point speed as fast as possible. The acceleration times are dependent only on the effective inertia of masses and the current available. The acceleration times are dependent on the motor's current limit [Parameter 1/07 IL1Q]. The delay times from the 4Q current limit [Parameter 1/08 4QEM and 1/09 IL4Q]. The maximum delay is only possible with a braking unit.



1 = linear ramp

The motor speed always complies with the set-point by means of the liner ramps programmed. [Parameter 1/11 ACCEL, 1/12 DECEL or 2/10 ACCB, 2/11 DECB]. The acceleration from a dead stop to the maximum speed is carried out during the ramp period set.

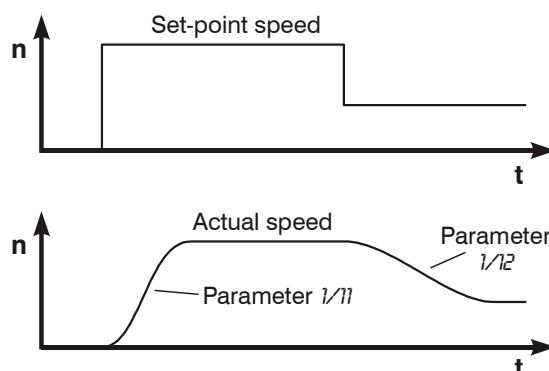
Owing to gyrating masses being too high, the acceleration time can be extended. With 4Q operation not enabled [Parameter 1/08 4QEM], too low a current limit [Parameter 1/08 IL4Q] or too low DC-bus current level [Parameter DV_4Q], the delay period can be extended.



2 = S-curved ramp

The motor speed always complies with the set-point speed by means of the programmed S-curved ramps. The acceleration from a dead stop to the maximum speed is carried out during the ramp period set. [Parameter 1/11 ACCEL, 1/12 DECEL or 2/10 ACCB, 2/11 DECB]

A rounding off of the speed ramp prevents overshooting of the speed, and acceleration is limited at the beginning and end of each change of speed so as to go easy on the mechanism.



Parameter Manual

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1/11 | ACCEL | Acceleration time A (start-up) | 0,1..599,9 | 10,0 | s |

See also Parameters: 1/10

Setting of the acceleration time from dead stop to maximum speed.

If the drive reaches the motor's current limit [Parameter 1/07/L10] during acceleration, the acceleration will be extended accordingly.

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1/12 | DECCEL | Deceleration time A (shut down) | 0,1..599,9 | 10,0 | s |

See also Parameters: 1/10

Setting of the delay time from maximum speed to a dead stop.

If 4Q operation [Parameter 1/08/4QEN] has not been enabled, then the drive will spin slower and slower until it has reached the new set-point speed.

If the drive reaches the 4Q current limit [Parameter 1/09/L40] during the delay, then the delay will be extended accordingly.

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1/13 | LERDE | Leaded deceleration | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/12, 2/11

This parameter determines whether, with Controller Enable OFF, the drive spins to a stop or is brought down on a ramp to a speed of zero.

0 = When the Controller Enable is cancelled, the final stage is disabled immediately, i.e. the motor is no longer supplied with current and it spins to a stop.

1 = When the Controller Enable is cancelled, the motor is brought down to a speed of zero on the active delay ramp. The final stage is not disconnected until a speed of zero.

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|---|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1/14 | BRAKE | 0,5s stopping torque at n<10min ⁻¹ | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/13, 4/15

0 = Stopping torque not active

1 = Stopping torque active

This function is only supported with guided delay with Drive Lock [Parameter 1/13 LERDE = 1] supported.

If, after the Controller Enable is cancelled, the drive has fallen short of a speed limit of 10 min⁻¹, the final stage will not be disabled immediately, but rather the motor will, for another 500 ms, be kept at a speed of zero and full torque availability.

With a lifting drive, for example, the drive is stopped and then held for 500 ms until the mechanical stop brake has engaged. This prevents any sagging.

With the stop brake closed and in conjunction with a mechanical stop brake, the Controller Enable has to be withdrawn, as otherwise with the slightest control deviation the drive would run against the brake at maximum current.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 1/15 | DELOF | Drive lock at set-point value=0 & n=0 | 0..1 | 0 | - |

Parameter 1/15 DELOF provides an automated drive lock.

When Parameter 1/15 is at 1, the drive lock is activated automatically if both the set-point speed and the actual speed equal zero. This means that, with the motor at a stop, the controller is only connected by means of a speed set-point value unequal to zero and that the drive disconnects automatically again when the set-point value and the actual value have again reached zero.

0 = automatic drive lock not active

1 = automatic drive lock active

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| 1/16 | P RAMP | Speed regulator, P-amplification | 0..100 | 5 | % |

See also Parameters: 1/17

This parameter determines the amplification factor of the speed control circuit and is required to adjust the speed control circuit in a steady fashion.

If the amplification is too little, then the drive will react rather insufficiently, in particular to disturbance variables. If the amplification is too great, the drive will become unsteady, reacting jerkily.

The amplification is indicated as a percentage in relation to the greatest possible amplification allowed.

$$P\text{ RAMP} = 1\% \Rightarrow K_p = 1$$

$$P\text{ RAMP} = 100\% \Rightarrow K_p = 100$$

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1/17 | I RAMP | Speed regulator, Integral proportion | 0..100 | 4 | % |

See also Parameters: 1/15

This parameter determines the integral proportion of the speed controller, seeing to it that in stationary operation no control deviation remains.

Together with the amplification, this parameter determines the stability of the drive.

If the value is too low, then it will take the drive a very long time to comply with new set-point values, and disturbance variables will be corrected rather slowly. If the values are too high, the drive will become unsteady.

The integral proportion is indicated as a percentage in relation to the shortest integration time.

$$I\text{ AMP} = 1\% \Rightarrow T_i = 25 \text{ ms}$$

$$I\text{ AMP} = 100\% \Rightarrow T_i = 0,25 \text{ ms}$$

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|--|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1/18 | YIOP | Valid range of I-proportion in n-regulator | 1..255 | 255 | min ⁻¹ |

See also Parameters: 1/17

The integral proportion of the speed controller can be deactivated with very dynamic applications as a function of the speed error (difference between speed set point and actual value) to obtain faster reactions to changes in set-points and to disturbance variables with less overshooting.

This function can be activated and deactivated.

0-200 min⁻¹ ⇒ function active

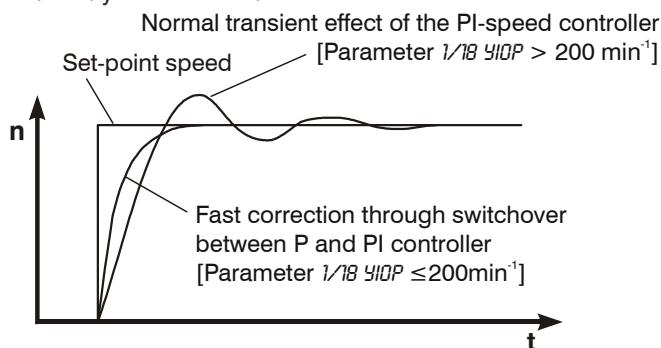
>200 min⁻¹ ⇒ function not active

Parameter Manual

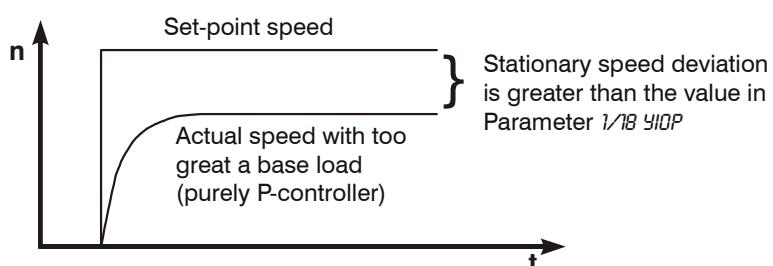
CAUTION: Only use this function with very dynamic applications without a high base load, as is the case, for example, with flywheels or running gear. This function is not suited for applications with a high base load, as, for example, with extruders!

Selective deactivation and activation of the integral proportion of the speed controller allows extremely dynamic behaviour of the drive with a minimum of overshooting. This function is active when Parameter 1/18 YIOP contains a value of $\leq 200 \text{ min}^{-1}$. The integral proportion of the speed controller is then deactivated until the speed error becomes less than the value in Parameter 1/18 YIOP. This way the amplification of the controller can be increased without the drive overshooting to an extreme extent or becoming unsteady. Starting from a small speed error, the integral proportion is activated in order to eliminate the stationary control deviation.

However, if the base load of the driving motor is so great that the speed controller cannot, purely with P-proportion, adjust the speed error to a value beneath the limit in Parameter 1/18 YIOP, then the integral proportion remains inactive and a stationary control deviation ensues.



Behaviour of the actual speed with limited and unlimited valid range of the speed controller and a load machine with a low base load



Behaviour with limited valid range of the I-proportion with the speed controller and a load machine with a great base load, so that the stationary control deviation is too great (e.g. extruder).

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 1/19 | SAVE | Save parameter to EEPROM | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 2/04

All the control parameters, excluding Parameter 2/04 Motor Poles, can be changed online during operation. When all of the parameters are to be imported to the fixed storage, the **controller has to be inactive and the motor have stopped**. **The seven segment display on the controller signals this with a "0".**

Parameter 1/19 has to be set to 1 and then acknowledged with the ENTER key.

For safety reasons, the TA-BL/P controller does not automatically import all changes when the unit is turned off.

When the unit is turned off, all changes are lost which have not been saved manually beforehand.

Parameter Manual

2.2 Parameter Group 2

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/02 | STORD | Read standard parameters | 0..1 | - | - |

See also Parameters: 1/19

If you set this value to "1" and then acknowledge (confirm with ENTER key), the standard parameters given in the parameter list will be loaded. If the parameters are to imported into the fixed storage, see Parameter 1/19 **SAVE**.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 2/03 | RATSP | Motor rated speed | 0..6000 | - | min ⁻¹ |

The rated speed of the motor according to type plate is set in these parameters.

With BL-N-types, indicate the lowest speed.

If you have acquired from TAE Antriebstechnik a complete drive package consisting of motor and controller, all the motor data has already been set and optimised in the controller.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/04 | POLES | Motor poles | 2..32 | - | - |

In these parameters the number of poles of the motor is set according to type plate.

- The motor's number of pairs of poles is absolutely necessary for the electronic commutation evaluation. Entering an incorrect value will result in malfunctioning of the drive.
- **This parameter cannot be changed during operation (online).**

If you have acquired from TAE Antriebstechnik a complete drive package consisting of motor and controller, all the motor data has already been set and optimised in the controller.

The following numbers of pairs of poles are standard for TAE-supplied motors:

Series BL-N... Neodymium Magnet Motors:

BL-N-71 - BL-N-100 6 poles
BL-N-112 - BL-N-.... 8 poles

Series BL-... Ferrite Magnet Motors:

BL-71 - BL-160 4 pole s
BL-180 - BL-315 8 poles

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 2/05 | PPR | Pulses per revolution from motor x4 | 1..9999 | - | - |

In this parameter the pulses per revolution are set for the engine speed sensor (incremental transmitter). One has to enter quadruple the value of the pulses per revolution from the transmitter, because the TA-BL/P controller evaluates all of the increasing and falling edges of Tracks A and B to determine speed.

- This parameter cannot be changed during operation (online).

With the TAE motors, the following pulses per revolution are standard:

BL-N-71...100
 BL-71 - BL-160 : $30 \frac{\text{Impulses}}{\text{Revolution}} \times 4 = \underline{\underline{120}}$

BL-N-112...
 BL-180 - BL-315 : $60 \frac{\text{Impulses}}{\text{Revolution}} \times 4 = \underline{\underline{240}}$

TAE-Servo Motors : $600 \frac{\text{Impulses}}{\text{Revolution}} \times 4 = \underline{\underline{2400}}$

If you have acquired from TAE Antriebstechnik a complete drive package consisting of motor and controller, all the motor data has already been set and optimised in the controller.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------|------|
| 2/06 | MRACU | Motor rated current | 1,0..3000,0 | - | A |

The rated motor current is set in this parameter according to the motor type plate.

If you have acquired from TAE Antriebstechnik a complete drive package consisting of motor and controller, all the motor data has already been set and optimised in the controller.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------|------|
| 2/07 | MPECU | Motor peak current | 1,0..3000,0 | - | A |

See also Parameters: 1/07

The peak motor current is set in this parameter according to the motor type plate.

Caution: It is absolutely essential for the peak motor current to be set correctly. With this parameter set incorrectly, the motor can be damaged!

If the peak motor current is set too high, the motor might get demagnetised, causing the torque availability of the drive package to drop.

If the peak motor current is set too low, the controller will limit the motor current too soon, which will have an effect on the available motor torque.

If you have acquired from TAE Antriebstechnik a complete drive package consisting of motor and controller, all the motor data has already been set and optimised in the controller.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| 2/08 | OCTIM | Overcurrent time | 0..200 | 80 | s |

See also Parameters: 2/06

When there are sudden mechanical peak loads or with a high start-up torque, the drive is able to produce a higher motor torque up to 200 s.

The overcurrent time begins to expire when the motor current has exceeded the rated motor current. The controller allows the maximum regulator current until the overcurrent time lapses. During this period the controller will be thermally overloaded. The overloading capacity is within a range of 120% to 150%, depending on the controller. When the overcurrent period lapses the output current is **only** reduced to the rated controller current if the speed is less than 300 min^{-1} .

When the rated controller current is fallen short of, the overcurrent period begins to run up again so that afterwards overload current is again available.

Example: Setting of 200 s

When the output current has exceeded the rated controller current, the overcurrent time begins to run. In 200 s, the output current is limited to the rated controller value so that the controller will not be overloaded thermally. If the rated controller current is then fallen short of for 30 s, the overload current will afterwards again be available for 30 s.

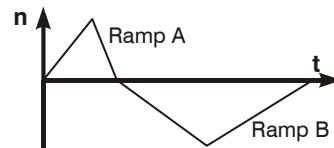
| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/09 | SETRB | Selection ramp A or B | 0..6 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/11, 1/12, 2/10, 2/11, 2/18

There are two different and independent pairs of speed ramps available which are capable of being parameterised. With Parameter 2/09 SETRB one determines when Ramp Pair A or B is active. The start-up time and the shut-down time are adjustable separately from one another.

- 0 = Ramp Pair A are always active.
- 1 = Beneath the selected speed in Parameter 2/18 SWTR, Speed Ramp Pair A are used and above it, Speed Ramp Pair B.
- 3 = Speed Ramp Pair A is used with a positive direction of rotation (cw, clockwise rotation), and Speed Ramp Pair B with a negative direction of rotation (ccw, counter clockwise rotation).
- 4 = Speed Ramp Pair B is always used.
- 5 = With a speed specification above motor potentiometer, Speed Ramp Pair B are used. Otherwise always Speed Ramp Pair A
- 6 = A switchover is carried out between Speed Ramp Pairs A and B by means of a digital input. (The assignment to a terminal is specified by means of Parameter 3/19 SSETB.
- 7 = If the controller works in slavemode, the ramp time RCCB parameter 2/10 and DECB parameter 2/11 get active.

Example: Parameter 2/09=3



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------|------|
| 2/10 | RCC B | Acceleration time B (start-up) | 0..1.599,9 | 180,0 | s |

See also Parameters: 1/02, 1/10, 1/11, 1/12, 2/09, 2/11

Adjustment of the acceleration time from dead stop until the maximum motor speed [Parameter 1/02 MAXS]. The acceleration speed is indicated in increments of 0.1 s.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------|------|
| 2/11 | DEC B | Deceleration time B (shut down) | 0,1..599,9 | 180,0 | s |

See also Parameters: 1/02, 1/10, 1/11, 1/12, 2/09, 2/10

Adjustment of the delay time from the maximum motor speed [Parameter 1/02 MAX5] until dead stop. The delay time is indicated in increments of 0.1 s.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/12 | PHRDV | Phase advance | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 2/13, 2/14

0 = inactive
1 = active

Starting from 20% rated current and 300 min⁻¹, using the Advance Function phase enables shifting the electronic commutation of the current as a function of the speed. This makes it possible to keep the ratio of motor current to torque constant up to the rated motor speed. The Advanced Function phase also makes it possible to operate the motor beyond the rated speed [Parameter 2/03 RATSP] with constant power. Above the rated speed, the behaviour of the brushless D.C. motor with the Advance Function phase is similar to the behaviour of the D.C. motor in the field weakening.

With BL-N... neodymium motors, the rated speed can, with the help of the Advanced phase, be raised to the higher rated speed indicated on the type plate. The motor output increases accordingly.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/13 | PHRDR | Phase advance at nominal speed | 0..99 | 30 | % |

See also Parameters: 2/12, 2/14

By means of Parameter 2/13 PHRDR, the shifting is set of the commutation for the rated motor speed. This value is indicated as a percentage in relation to the maximum possible angle of shift. The effective angle of shift of the commutation depends on the motor speed of the drive. A general adjustment of this parameter cannot be demonstrated, because the best possible value depends on the leakage inductance of the motor, the number of pairs of poles and other motor parameters. The standard value indicated constitutes an average value which has been found from experience in the past with a very broad spectrum of applications.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/14 | PHRD <small>M</small> | Phase advance at maximum speed | 0..99 | 50 | % |

See also Parameters: 2/12, 2/13

The shifting of the electronic commutation above the rated motor speed is determined by means of Parameter 2/14 PHRDM. Through a well-adjusted Advanced Function phase, the motor can be operated at up to around 1.5 times the rated motor speed.

As with the D.C. motor or rotary current motor, the available torque decreases starting from the rated speed with increasing speed.

Parameter Manual

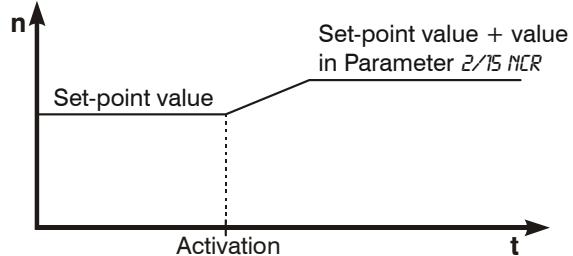
| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 2/15 | INCR | Increase speed multiplier | 0..9999 | 0 | min ⁻¹ /- |

See also Parameters: 3/11, 3/13

The Increase Speed function depends on whether the drive is running as a master drive (master) or slave drive (slave). The operating mode master or slave is determined in Parameter 3/13 *SSLRV*.

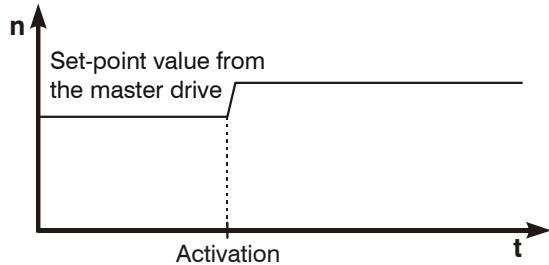
- Operation as master drive (master)

When the drive is running as master drive, with Increase Speed active, the speed value from Parameter 2/15 *INCR* is added to the set-point value selected.



- Operation as slave operation (slave)

When the drive is operated as slave drive, then with Increase Speed active, the multiplier between master and slave drive is increased according to the following formula.



$$\text{Master speed} \times \frac{(\text{TRAM1 Parameter 4/12} + \text{INCR Parameter 2/15})}{\text{TRAM2 Parameter 4/13}}$$

With adjusted and activated fixed ratios, the active ratio replaces TRAM1. Parameters 1/04 to 1/06 and/or Parameters 3/04 and 3/07.

The increase in speed is activated or deactivated by means of Parameter 3/11 *SINC*.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 2/16 | DECR | Decrease speed, multiplier | 0..9999 | 0 | min ⁻¹ / - |

See also Parameters: 3/12, 3/13

The function of Decrease Speed functions analogously to Increase Speed [Parameter 2/15 *INCR*]

$$\text{Master speed} \times \frac{(\text{TRAM1 Parameter 4/12} - \text{DECR Parameter 2/16})}{\text{TRAM2 Parameter 4/13}}$$

The increase in speed is activated or deactivated by means of Parameter 3/12 *SDEC*.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 2/17 | FINE | Speed fine tuning | 0..3 | 0 | 1/4 min ⁻¹ |

If the drive is given a fixed set-point value, such as the case when using preset speeds or with specified set-point values via a bus system, then the set-point value can only be specified in whole revolutions per minute. By means of Fine Adjustment, the precision of the specified set-point value is corrected by a factor of four, because the set-point value can then be exactly specified with a resolution of 1/4 rotation.

A value of $\frac{\text{Parameter } 2/17}{4}$ rotations is added to the set-point value.

Example: 1/4, 1/2, 3/4

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 2/18 | SUTR | Speed message | 10..6000 | 100 | min ⁻¹ |

See also Parameters: 2/09, 3/31, 3/38, 3/39, 3/40, 3/41

The control unit has a freely adjustable overspeed monitor. By means of Parameter 2/18 SUTR, a switching point can be freely selected between 10 min⁻¹ and 6000 min⁻¹. The information as to whether the momentary speed is greater than the switching point can be used either through a digital output or internally, for a ramp switchover, for example.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 2/19 | IL20 | Message delay, current limit reached | 1..9999 | 1 | s |

See also Parameters: 3/31, 3/38, 3/39, 3/40, 3/41

TA-BL/P controlling equipment is able to report when the motor current has exceeded the parameterised value of the controller max. current in Parameter 1/07 IL10 or in Parameter 1/09 IL40. This report is issued via a digital output with the delay in Parameter 2/19 IL20.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/20 | C000 | Fixed configuration of the digital outputs | 0..1 | 0 | - |

The fixed configuration of the digital outputs enables detailed reporting of error messages by the TA-BL/P through the digital outputs. When Parameter 2/20 C000 is active (value = 1), the parameters of the digital output programming 3/37 to 3/46 are not active and their settings have no effects upon the functioning of the outputs. You can find the exact allocation of the digital outputs with fixed configuration of the digital outputs in the following table.

| Fault | 43 | 44 | 45 | 47 | 48 |
|-------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| Common fault | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Ready | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Speed > 0 | - | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| Current limit reached | - | 0 | - | 1 | - |
| Short circuit | - | 1 | - | 0 | - |
| Error in intermediate circuit | - | - | - | 0 | 1 |
| Excess temperature | - | - | 1 | 0 | 1 |

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/21 | DIRAN | Reverse by negative input voltage | 0..1 | 0 | - |

Siehe auch Parameter: 3/05

This parameter makes it possible to activate a reversal in the direction of rotation with negative analogue set-point value. If Parameter 2/21 DIRAN is set to 0, the motor always runs in positive direction irrespective of the polarity sign of the set-point value signal (value formation).

If Parameter 2/21 DIRAN is set to 1, then, with positive analogue set-point value the motor runs clockwise and with negative analogue set-point value counter-clockwise. If the direction of rotation is changed through the digital output, the drive will behave the other way around.

| Only possible when Analogue Input 1 is used | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Parameter 2/21 = 0 | | Parameter 2/21 = 1 | |
| | Start Right | Start Left | Start Right | Start Left |
| positive analogue set-point value | Clockwise(CW) | Counter-clockwise (CCW) | Clockwise (CW) | Counter-clockwise (CCW) |
| negative analogue set-point value | Clockwise(CW) | Counter-clockwise (CCW) | Counter-clockwise (CCW) | Clockwise (CW) |

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 2/22 | 4mA | Analogue input 1, 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA | 0..1 | 0 | - |

With analogue specification of set-point value by means of current set-point, it must be entered in Parameter 2/22 whether the signal is with 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA.

The following table shows how to adjust Parameter 2/22 4mA.

Set-point value specification Parameter 2/22 4mA

| | |
|--------|---|
| 0-20mA | 0 |
| 4-20mA | 1 |

Be sure to bear in mind that the DIP switches on the controller board also have to be adjusted in accordance with the connection diagram in the TA-BL/P Manual section 6.2.3.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|------|
| 2/23 | CLT1 | Torque limit, time constant | 0,01..300,00 | 0,01 | s |

See also Parameters: 3/50

When the current limit is specified by means of an analogue input or a digital value setting, the current set-point is guided via a low-pass filter in order to damp the input signal. The time constant of the low-pass filter is determined by means of Parameter 2/23 CLT1.

The lower the value in Parameter 2/23 CLT1 is, the more dynamic the current limit can change and the less also is the suppression of interfering signals.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|------|
| 2/24 | UVT17 | Delay of undervoltage switch off | 0,0..3000,0 | 0,1 | s |

With TA-BL/P controlling equipment, the line voltage is not monitored directly, because the control-system electronics are supplied from the intermediate circuit. The monitoring of line under voltage is based on the intermediate circuit voltage measured. When the intermediate circuit voltage drops below the undervoltage limit, the TA-BL/P controller recognises the undercurrent error. This undercurrent error immediately activates the internal controller disable and then no more current is supplied to the motor.

The error message is delayed by the time period parameterised in Parameter 2/24 UVT17.

When the time period in Parameter 2/24 UVT17 lapses, the error is saved and has to be reset either by an external reset command or through the controller being turned on and off.

If the time period in Parameter 2/24 UVT17 has not yet lapsed, and the DC-bus voltage again rises above the undercurrent limit, then the controller will automatically again start regular operation without error disconnection.

The undercurrent limit is has a fixed setting and cannot be modified.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|------|
| 2/25 | OV_4Q | Maximum reducing circuit voltage | 100..1500 | 800 | V |

See also Parameters: 1/08

To be able to operate the TA-BL/P controller in 4Q-mode, this mode of operation has to be cleared with Parameter 1/08 4QEM!

When operating the TA-BL/P controlling equipment in 4Q-mode, power is taken away from the load machine, which is stored in the DC-bus and then converted by means of a braking unit. If no braking unit is used, or if the output converted is too low, the intermediate circuit current will rise. When it has reached the overcurrent, the TA-BL/P disconnects hardware-wise with the message, "overcurrent in intermediate circuit" so as to protect the power semiconductor and the intermediate circuit capacitors.

Parameter 2/25 OV_4Q enables operation of the TA-BL/P controller in 4Q-mode operation even without an external braking unit. The braking power is reduced when the voltage set in Parameter 2/25 OV_4Q is reached to the point that the intermediate circuit voltage does not exceed the value set. Take into account, however, that this will extend the brake ramp.

Also bear in mind that any braking units used optionally will not function correctly if the value for the maximum intermediate circuit voltage in Parameter 2/25 OV_4Q is set too low.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 2/26 | PTOL | Programable torque limit | 0...100 | 100 | % |

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 2/27 | MPTUL | Motorpoti transmission limit (UP) | 0...100 | 0 | % |

See also Parameters: 2/28

Slave ratio "UPWARDS" through the motor transmission can be adjusted to the pre-set ratio of the motor in percent..

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 2/28 | MPTDL | Motorpoti transmission limit (DOWN) | 0...100 | 0 | % |

See also Parameters: 2/27

Slave ratio "DOWNTWARDS" through the motor transmission can be adjusted to the pre-set ratio of the motor in percent..

Parameter Manual

2.3 Parameter Group 3

Parameters 3/02 - 3/24 are activated either by means of:

Terminal 2-13: If the number of a terminal (2-13) is programmed, the function is activated through this digital input.

or programming device: Wird die Zahl 0 programmiert ist die Funktion immer Aus.
Wird die Zahl 1 programmiert ist die Funktion immer Ein.

Input low or high active? See Parameters 3/25-3/26

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/02 | SRES | Reset fault | 0..13 | 2 | - |

All the error messages saved in the unit can be reset by means of an external signal. Parameter 3/02 SRES prescribes which terminal is allocated with the function Reset Error, or deactivates this functions.

An error condition is reported by means of the unit's 7-segment display, this display showing Error F0-F9 or E1.

A list of all the error messages can be found in the appendix to these Operating instructions.

A reset is, of course, only possible with controller inactive and with dead stop of the motor.

When an error occurs, the display of Keypad PG3000 changes from green to red. Even after a reset of the error, the display of the Keypad will remain red until the error has been manually reset on the Keypad.

Errors can also be reset by be controlling equipment being disconnected from the mains until all the displays go out.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/03 | SRUN | Run | 0..13 | 3 | - |

A controller clearance has to be made so that the TA-BL/P controlling equipment can be operated. Parameter 3/03 SRUN is allocated to a terminal with the programmable controller clearance.

In addition to the controller clearance programmable with Parameter 3/03 SRUN, Terminal 5 has a fixed effectiveness via the hardware as the controller clearance.

To be able to reset an error, the drive has to have come to a stop and the controller clearance has to have been deactivated!

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter 3/04 | Display SPRS1 | Parameter Description Preset speed 1 / Multiplier 1 | Range 0..13 | Standard Parameter 4 | Unit - |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|

See also Parameters: **1/04, 1/05, 1/06, 4/12**

The TA-BL/P controlling equipment has three programmable preset speeds, which can be called up via two digital inputs or the keypad. The following table illustrates the selection of the active preset speed or of the active multiplier at which the drive runs.

| SPRS1 Parameter 3/04 | SPRS2 Parameter 3/04 | Master mode | Slave operation |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| deactivated | deactivated | Standard set-point value | TRAN1 Parameter 4/12 |
| activated | deactivated | Preset Speed 1 Parameter 1/04 | Multiplier 1 Parameter 1/04 |
| deactivated | activated | Preset Speed 2 Parameter 1/05 | Multiplier 2 Parameter 1/05 |
| activated | activated | Preset Speed 3 Parameter 1/06 | Multiplier 3 Parameter 1/06 |

| Group/Parameter 3/05 | Display SDIR | Parameter Description Direction of rotation (Master mode) | Range 0..13 | Standard Parameter 5 | Unit - |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|

See also Parameters: **3/20**

With operation as master drive, the direction of rotation has fixed definition as clockwise (CW) and counter-clockwise (CCW). The standard direction is clockwise.

With operation as slave drive, be sure take into account Parameter **3/20 SDIR.**

Terminal 5 always activates controller clearance (hardware). This function makes it possible to start the controller to counter-clockwise with a signal (bit).

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/06 | SHOLD | Quick stop | 0..13 | 6 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/08, 1/09, 4/05

When Parameter 3/06 SHOLD is activated, then a braking procedure is initiated with maximum available torque at the 4Q current limit (Parameter 1/09 IL4Q).

To be able to use the function, however, the drive has to be operated as a servo-controller (Parameter 4/05 SERVO="1") or 4Q drive (Parameter 1/08 4QEN="1"), and a braking unit should be used (such as Bremschopper BC2.1 or BC3.1). If one foregoes using a braking unit, then the braking torque will only amount to approx. 3% of the rated torque.

If the drive is only operated in the first quadrant (Parameter 1/08 4QEN="0"), then the drive will spin to a stop according to the centrifugal mass of the machine.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/07 | SPRS2 | Preset speed 2 / Multiplier 2 | 0..13 | 7 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/04, 2/03

Parameter 3/07 SPRS2 is for selecting a second preset speed. The way it functions is analogous to Parameter 3/08 SPRS1.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/08 | SMOT | Motor potentiometer function / ON-OFF | 0..13 | 8 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/09, 3/10, 2/09

The functioning of the motor potentiometer is different in operation in the master and slave modes.

Motor pot. functioning in master drive operation (master drive)

- When the motor potentiometer function is activated the first time after the drive has been turned on (PowerOn), the motor potentiometer adopts the speed set-point value current at that moment. From there the speed can be increased or decreased (see Parameter 3/09 and 3/10).
- When the motor potentiometer is deactivated, the last value will be saved and so it will be available and used when the function is activated again.
- When the voltage supply to the unit is stopped, the last motor potentiometer value is lost.
- Reset the motor potentiometer to "0".

The speed set point of the motor potentiometer can be reset to zero by, with motor potentiometer activated, "Up" (Parameter 3/09 SUP) and "Down" (Parameter 3/10 SDOWM) are activated simultaneously.

- Adopt the current speed for the motor potentiometer.
- If, with deactivated motor potentiometer "Up" (Parameter 3/09 SUP) and "Down" (Parameter 3/10 SDOWM) are activated simultaneously, then the current speed will be adopted for the motor potentiometer.
- Ramp selection, see Parameter 2/09.
- Ramp time set refers to the 0-max. speed.

Parameter Manual

Motor potentiometer functioning in slave drive operation (slave drive)

- When operating in slave drive, the motor potentiometer is for controlling the multiplier to the master drive.
- When the motor potentiometer function is activated for the first time after the drive has been turned on, the current multiplier is adopted. From there the multiplier to the master drive can then be increased or decreased (see Parameter 3/09 and 3/10).
- With simultaneous activation of "Up" (Parameter 3/09 SUP) and "Down" (Parameter 3/10 SDOWN), the fixed multiplier set will always be adopted.
- Ramp time refers to: 0 - 64000 x master speed.

If a value between ≥ 2 and ≤ 13 is set in Parameter 3/09 SDOT, then this value directly represents the terminal allocated with the function.

If a "0" is entered, then the function is deactivated; if a "1" is entered, then the function is activated.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/09 | SUP | Motor poti function speed-up | 0..13 | 9 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/08

The value of the motor potentiometer is increased as long as Parameter 3/09 SUP is activated. With master drive, the set-point speed is increased, and with master drive the multiplier.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/10 | SDOWN | Motor poti function speed-down | 0..13 | 10 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/08

The value of the motor pot. is decreased as long as Parameter 3/10 SDOWN is activated. With master drive, the set-point speed is decreased, and with master drive the multiplier.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/11 | SINC | Increase speed / speed multiplier | 0..13 | 11 | - |

See also Parameters: 2/15

When Parameter 3/11 is activated, in master drive operation (master) the set-point speed is increased by the value in Parameter 2/15 INCR.

In slave drive operation, the multiplication factor is increased by the value in Parameter 2/15 INCR.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/12 | 5DEC | Decrease speed / speed multiplier | 0..13 | 12 | - |

See also Parameters: 2/16

When Parameter 3/12 5DEC is activated, in master drive operation (master) the set-point speed is decreased by the value in Parameter 2/16 DECR.

In slave drive operation, the multiplication factor is decreased by the value in Parameter 2/16 DECR.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/13 | 5SLAV | Master / Slave | 0..13 | 13 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/04, 2/15, 4/09, 4/10, 4/11

Parameter 3/13 5SLAV determines whether the drive is operated as a master or slave drive. When this function is deactivated, the drive functions as in the master mode and when it is activated in the slave mode.

Operation as master drive

- If the speed specification is made via the analogue inputs (0-10 V or 0(4)-20mA), then this equivalent to a speed range from the minimum speed (Parameter 1/03 MINS) to the maximum speed (Parameter 1/02 MAXS).
- The preset speeds are entered with the PG3000 Programming Device or on the PC in min^{-1} . (Parameter 1/04 PRST1-1/06 PRST3)
- Direct specification of speed is entered by means of the PG3000 Programming Device or on the PC in min^{-1} .
- Increases or decreases in the speed are entered in min^{-1} ; see Parameter 3/08, 2/15.

Operation as slave drive

- Operation as slave drive is equivalent to operation as electronic gearing. This means the drive follows a master drive that has fixed specification of the multiplier, which can be freely adjusted.
- The master set point is always prescribed for slave drives in the form of a frequency, which is proportional to the master speed. Alternatively, the master set point can read as an A/B frequency impulse with 90° offset or as an A frequency impulse + rotational-direction signal to Terminals 33-35 (see also Connections Diagram in the TA-BL/P Manual Section 6.2.3).
- Speed specification via the analogue inputs is not working.
- The multipliers are prescribed with the PG3000 Programming Device or on the PC according to the formulas listed below.
- The multiplier decrease or increase is also decreased or increased according to the relevant formula given. See description of Parameters 2/15, 3/08.
- The speed of the drive is always limited to a maximum speed.
- The master speed is multiplied by the value of Parameter 4/12 TRAM1 and then divided by the value of Parameter 4/13 TRAM2 and then used as the set-point speed.
- When using several fixed multipliers, the master speed is multiplied by the values of multipliers 1-3 (Parameter 1/04-1/06)
- **Parameter 4/17 PPRM determines the number of impulses per rotation of the master drive. By doing so, this also makes it possible to display the speed of the master drive.**

Multiplier between master drive and slave drive:

When using a fixed multiplier:

$$\text{Multiplier} = \frac{\text{Parameter } 1/04 \dots 1/06 (\text{PRST1} \dots \text{PRST3})}{\text{Parameter } 4/13 \text{ TRAM2}}$$

otherwise:

$$\text{Multiplier} = \frac{\text{Parameter } 4/12 \text{ TRAM1}}{\text{Parameter } 4/13 \text{ TRAM2}}$$

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/14 | SP05 | Positioning | 0..13 | 0 | - |

This function is not supported in the current software.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/15 | SSYNC | Synchron., angle or speed | 0..13 | 1 | - |

See also Parameters: 4/14

When operating the TA-BL/P controller as slave drive, two operating modes are possible:

Inactive = angle synchronous
Active = speed synchronous

- With angle synchronisation, sudden differences in speed between master drive and slave drive (e.g. through a load surge) are corrected. If the slave drive cannot follow the master drive quickly, then the impulses missed will be added up and made up for later so that no angle error between master and slave drive develops. The position of the drives to one another is maintained in this operating mode.
- With speed synchronisation, the slave drive is regulated to the master drive at a fixed speed ratio. Any shift of angle, through sudden loading, for example, is not readjusted.

Parameter 3/15 SSYNC does not influence the behaviour of the drive when the current limit is reached. Parameter 4/14 LIMIT determines how the drive behaves when the current limit is reached.

If Parameter 4/14 LIMIT contains the value 1, then lost impulses will be "forgotten" when the current limit is reached and not made up for. A typical application are, for example, drives on endless production facilities. If Parameter 4/14 LIMIT is set to the value 0, then "lost" impulses will be added up when the current limit is reached and caught up with as soon as possible. A typical application is positioning drives.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/16 | SRNG | Angle correction | 0..13 | 0 | - |

This function is not supported in the current software.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/17 | 5ICW | End switch clockwise (cw) | 0..13 | 0 | - |

Inactive = End switch function Off

Active = End switch function On

The prelim end switch function makes it possible to input prelim end switches directly into the TA-BL/P controller (e.g. for hoisting and running gear). When the prelim end switch is actuated, the drives stops and then cannot be started clockwise as long as the end switch has not been actuated.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/18 | 5ICCW | End switch counter-clockwise (ccw) | 0..13 | 0 | - |

Inactive = End switch function Off

Active = End switch function On

The functioning of this is analogous to Parameter 3/17 5ICW, but with disabling of counter-clockwise.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/19 | 5SETB | Ramp A or B selection | 0..13 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 2/09

Inactive = Ramp Pair A active

Active = Ramp Pair B active

By means of Parameter 3/19 5SETB, a switch can be made between Ramp Pairs A and B.

This parameter is only active when Parameter 2/09 SETAB = "6" (external ramp selection) has been set!

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/20 | SLDIR | Change rotating direction for follow-up drives | 0..13 | 0 | - |

Inactive = The slave has the same direction of rotation as the master drive
 Active = The slave rotates in the inverse direction of rotation of the master drive

When operating the TA-BL/P controller as slave drive with A/B track admittance, the direction of rotation does not have fixed definition, because the direction of rotation is changed by the change of tracks A and B. To save on the wiring involved and on changes to the documentation, the direction of rotation can be inverted.

Caution:

If the direction of rotation is changed while the motor is running, this will occur at max. torque.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/21 | SECL | External current limit | 0..13 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/50

Inactive = Internal current limit
 Active = External current limit

When Parameter 3/21 SECL is set to active, the limiting of the motor current will carried out as a function of the analogue signal. Further information can be found under Parameter 3/50.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/22 | SSER | External error shut down | 0..13 | 0 | - |

Via the digital input prescribed in Parameter 3/22, an external error disconnection can be produced (e.g. overloading of the motor's separate fan).

The TA-BL/P controlling equipment treats such an error disconnection as an internal error and disables the controller. The display shows the Error Message "E7" and the PG3000 displays "EXT".

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/23 | SSDC | Disable controller | 0..13 | 0 | - |

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/24 | STLAP | Torque limit analog / Programmable | 0..13 | 0 | - |

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/25...36 | IPL2...13 | Input logic terminals 2 to 13 | 0..1 | 1 | - |

The polarities of the digital inputs can be determined by means of the following parameters (see Parameters 3/02 to 3/22). When the respective polarity bit has been set, the terminal is inactive and is activated by the application of a direct voltage of (15 V to 30 V). With a polarity bit of a terminal not set, the opposite applies. This means that if the respective polarity bit of a terminal is not set, then the terminal is active and is deactivated by the application of a direct voltage of (15 V to 30 V) (see table).

| Digital Inputs Direct Voltage (15 to 30V) | Polarity of Digital Inputs IPL2....IPL13 | Function Parameters (3/02 to 3/22) |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | activated |
| 0 | 1 | deactivated |
| 1 | 0 | deactivated |
| 1 | 1 | activated |

Remark:

The voltage levels under 3 V apply to the digital inputs as Low and over 8 V as High. Since the digital inputs bear a maximum voltage of only 30 V, the direct voltage to be applied should be less than this value.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/37 | 5048 | Function Relay 1 (Terminal 48) | 0..13 | 4 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/42

The function of Relay Output (1 make contact) is prescribed by means of Parameter 3/37 5048. Nine different allocations are available, which are listed in the following table.

| Setting | Function |
|---------|---|
| 0 | not allocated |
| 1 | Commonfault |
| 2 | Current limit reached, delayed |
| 3 | Speed reached |
| 4 | Ready for operation |
| 5 | Operation |
| 6 | Speed message |
| 7 | Speed > 9min ⁻¹ |
| 8 | Current limit |
| 9 | Passed motor current |
| 10 | Reserve |
| 11 | Motor in position |
| 12 | Motor speed reached (only at positioning) |
| 13 | Passed position |

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/38 | 5047 | Function Relay 2 (Terminal 47) | 0..13 | 1 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/37, 3/43

The function of Relay Output 2 (break contact)

is prescribed by means of Parameter 3/38 5047. Nine different allocations are available, which are listed under Parameter 3/37 5048.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/39 | 50K45 | Function digital output 1 (Terminal 45) | 0..13 | 7 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/37, 3/44

The function of Digital Output 1 (optocoupler) is prescribed by means of Parameter 3/39 50K45. There nine different allocations available, which are listed under Parameter 3/37 5048.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/40 | 50K44 | Function digital output 2 (Terminal 44) | 0..13 | 2 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/37, 3/45

The function of Digital Output 2 (optocoupler) is prescribed by means of Parameter 3/40 50K44. There nine different allocations available, which are listed under Parameter 3/37 5048.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/41 | 50K43 | Function digital output 3 (Terminal 43) | 0..13 | 6 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/37, 3/46

The function of Digital Output 3 (optocoupler) is prescribed by means of Parameter 3/41 50K43. There nine different allocations available, which are listed under Parameter 3/37 5048.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/42...46 | P048...43 | Output logic | 0..1 | - | - |

The logic of the relay and/or optocoupler outputs can be realised in the following table.

| Function selected in Parameter 3/37 active | Outputs | Parameter 3/42-46 | | Relay or optocoupler | Standard parameter |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | P048 | P047 | | |
| Function selected in Parameter 3/37 active | Relay (break contact) Tm. 48 | 0 | 0 | Inactive | 1 |
| | | 1 | 1 | Active | |
| | Relay (make contact) Tm. 47 | 0 | 0 | Inactive | 1 |
| | | 1 | 1 | Active | |
| Function selected in Parameter 3/37 active | Optocoupler (make contact) Tm. 45 | 0 | 0 | Inactive | 1 |
| | | 1 | 1 | Active | |
| | Optocoupler (make contact) Tm. 44 | 0 | 0 | Inactive | 0 |
| | | 1 | 1 | Active | |
| Function selected in Parameter 3/37 active | Optocoupler (make contact) Tm. 43 | 0 | 0 | Inactive | 1 |
| | | 1 | 1 | Active | |

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/47 | R0SEL | Function Analogue output | 1..2 | 1 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/12

0-10 V = 0-max. speed (clockwise)

Parameter 3/47 R0SEL determines the allocation of the analogue output on Terminal 21.

1 = motor speed 0 - 10V \leq 0- max. speed; clockwise (maximum speed in Parameter 1/02 MAX5)

0-(-10V) \leq 0- max. speed; counter-clockwise (maximum speed in Parameter 1/02 MAX5)

2 = motor current (0 - 5V \leq 0 - rated equipment current)

The polarity of the analogue output can be inverted by means of Parameter 3/12.

The motor current is also available at Terminals 0 and I. (not programmable)

-5V \leq Rated equipment current

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/48 | RSEL1 | Set-point speed with ramp | 0..15 | 1 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/49

0= Function not allocated to any analogue input

1= Analogue Input 1 (Terminal 19)

2= Analogue Input 2 (Terminal 20)

Parameter 3/48 RSEL1 determines, with operation in master mode (master) the analogue input for the speed set point before the ramp generator. The drive follows each change in the set-point speed with the active speed ramp.

0-10V \leq 0-max. speed (Parameter 1/02 MAX5).

0- (-10V) see Parameter 2/21.

The speed set point selected in Parameter 3/49 RSEL2 is added to the speed set point selected here after the ramp generator.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/49 | RSEL2 | Set-point speed without ramp | 0..15 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/48

0= Function not allocated to any analogue input

1= Analogue Input 1 (Terminal 19)

2= Analogue Input 2 (Terminal 20)

Parameter 3/49 RSEL2 determines which analogue input is assigned a speed set point without start-up/shut-down ramp.

The set-point value defined in Parameter 3/49 RSEL2 results in an immediately change of speed with max. torque on the motor.

The speed set point defined in Parameter 3/49 RSEL2 is added to the set-point value defined in Parameter 3/48 RSEL1 after the speed ramp generator.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/50 | RSEL3 | Set-point value, torque limit | 0..15 | 0 | - |

0= Function not allocated to any analogue input

1= Analogue Input 1 (Terminal 19)

2= Analogue Input 2 (Terminal 20)

Parameter 3/50 RSEL3 determines the analogue input for external torque limitation. This function can be used as torque limitation, because with the brushless direct voltage drive, the motor current matches the torque of the drive within broad limits. The torque precision attainable depends on the speed control range required.

The input is scaled such that 10 V or 20 mA (20 mA only possible with analogue input 1; see TA-BL/P Manual Connections Diagram, Item 6.2.3) is equivalent to the limitation of the motor current to the maximum equipment current.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/51 | RSEL4 | Source of Position maximum speed | 0..15 | 0 | - |

The source of maximum positioning speed (analog or digital) can be selected through Parameter 3/51

3/51 = 0 Digital Value = (2/34) Position maximum speed done by field bus system

3/51 = 1 Analog input 1 Position maximum speed done by analog input 1

3/51 = 2 Analog input 2 Position maximum speed done by analog input 2

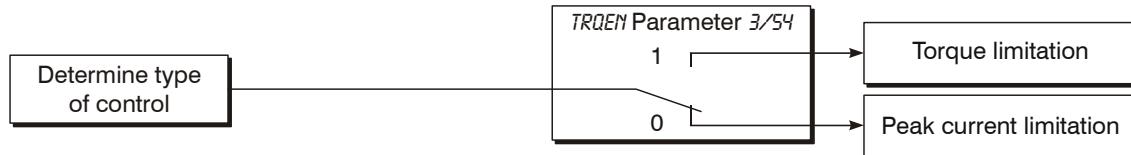
| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/52-53 | RSEL5-6 | Selection of analogue input (reserved) | 0..15 | 0 | - |

These parameters are reserved for later use and are not used in the current software.

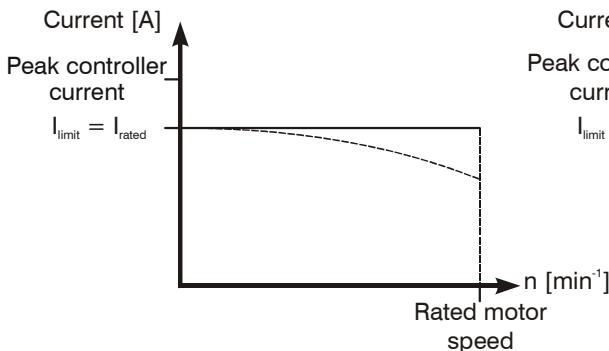
| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/54 | TRQEN | Operate torque regulation | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/07

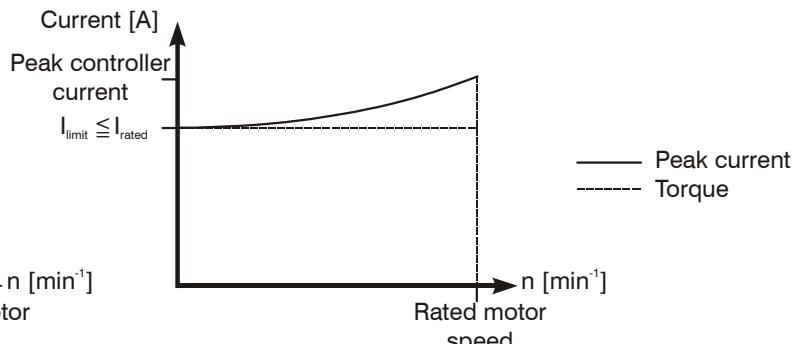
Parameter for turning on and off the torque limitation. When this bit is set to 1, then the superimposed control circuit functions as a torque limiter and can be attained especially at the current limit in the rated speed range or higher speed range, where the EMF plays a big part, linear torque speed property of the brushless DC motor used. The current control circuit is subordinate to the speed controller. When the bit is not set, the peak current is limited. However, this is not proportional to the torque over the entire course of speed.



Example 1: Parameter 3/54 = 0



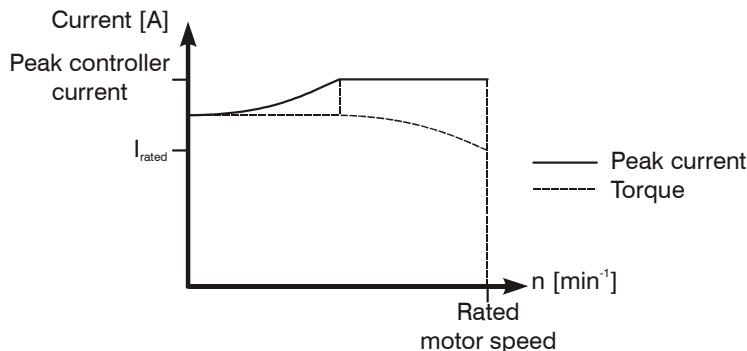
Example 2: Parameter 3/54 = 1



Parameter Manual

As can be seen in the diagram, a linear torque limitation is only possible when the max. current adjusted Parameter $1/07\text{IL1Q}$ is not greater than the rated controller current. (See following example.)

Example 3: Parameter $3/54 = 1$
(however I-limit Parameter $1/07\text{IL1Q}$ is greater than rated current)

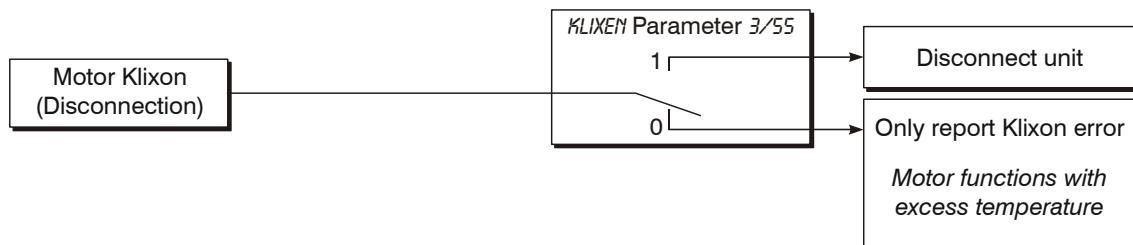


| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/55 | KLIXEN | Thermal switch active | 0..1 | 0 | - |

0 = Only message

1 = Drive stop (group malfunction)

In Parameter 3/55 one can prescribe whether motor excess temperature should trigger a malfunction in TA-BL/P, i.e. a motor stop, if only a message should be issued.



Note:

Before a Klixon error occurs, a preliminary warning is given in advance by a second Klixon.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| 3/56...71 | PPOR...PP7W | Profibus parameters | 0..255 | 0 | - |

3/56 to 3/71 Profibus parameter:

$PP(x)R$ for Read and $PP(x)W$ for Write, it being possible for x to be a value from 0 to 7.

The parameter Read $PP(x)R$:

With this function an automation unit can obtain all the information about the condition of a static power converter. Provided they are limited by write disable or access rights, all the parameters (values, description, texts) are readable.

Parameter Write $PP(x)W$:

With this function a master can change the informational content of a parameter. Provided they are limited by access rights, the parameter values and some of the parameter descriptions can be changed.

Note:

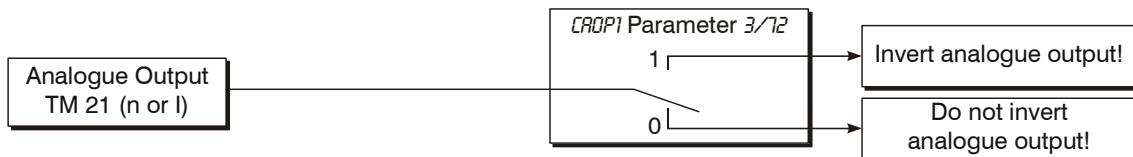
With TA-BL/P equipment, the values listed in the Profibus description (Profibus-DP Initial Start-up and Adjusting Instructions), can easily be read (status register) or changed (command register).

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/72 | CROP1 | Change analogue output polarity | 0..1 | 0 | - |

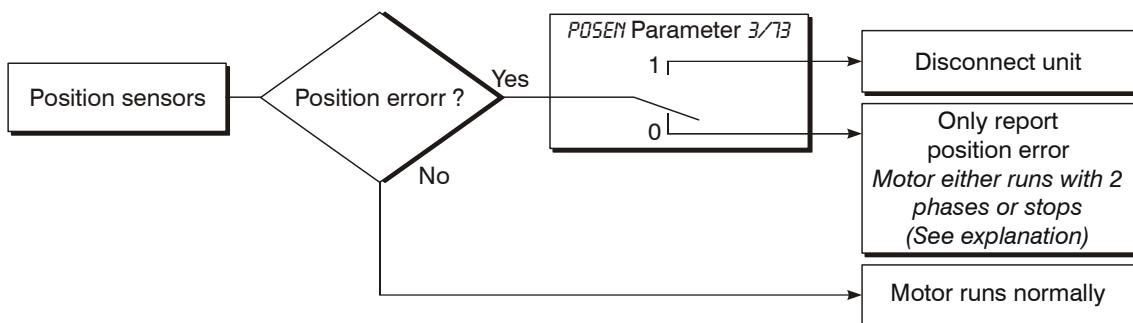
See also Parameters: 3/47

The analogue output (Tm. 21) which is selected through Parameter 3/47 "AOSEL" = 1 or 2 can be inverted by setting this parameter. In doing so:



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/73 | POSEN | Commonfault in position sensor | 0..1 | 0 | - |

If a positioning error develops and the bit "POSEN" is set, the TA-BL/P (common fault) will be disconnected. With "POSEN" set, the positioning error will only be reported. With large loads, the motor is supplied with current and with small loads only the coils not affected by the error are supplied with current (motor diesels or nails).



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/74...3/79 | | Refer to chapter 3. Positioning with a driveTA-BL/P | | | |

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/80 | INVCO | Invert Counter dir when Pos-Off | 0..1 | 0 | - |

If this Bit is active, at positioning **inactive** the position value in the Parameter 0/06 and 0/07 will be invert counted.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/81 | | Refer to chapter 3. Positioning with a driveTA-BL/P | | | |

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 3/82 | SMPOT | Save Motorpoti value by power down | 0..1 | 0 | - |

The parameter is to save the actual digital Motorpoti value by power down. The value of the Motorpoti will be displayed in Parameter 0/12.

0 = save

1 = not save

Parameter Manual

2.4 Parameter Group 4

The settings for the TA-BL/P equipment are carried out in this parameter group.



Only qualified personnel may carry out changes to Parameters of Parameter Group 4.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------|------|
| 4/02 | CFMAX | Maximum switch frequency | 500..1800 | 4500 | Hz |

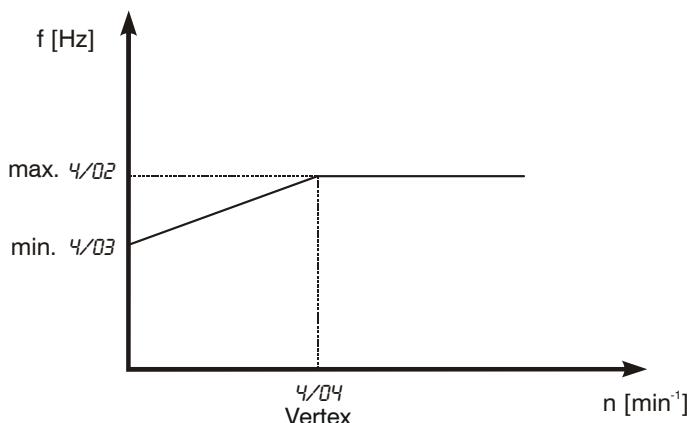
See also Parameters: 1/01, 1/09

This is where the maximum switch frequency is set for the current regulation. The limit of the maximum equipment current for the various operating modes (motor, 4Q or servo-operation) is made dependent on this frequency (see Parameter 1/01). This measure guarantees a longer service life of the equipment. In servo-operation the switch frequency within the entire speed is equal to the maximum switch frequency. For motors with a lower phase-winding inductance, the maximum switch frequency should be increased to improve the efficiency and to minimise the motor noise.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------|------|
| 4/03 | CFMIN | Star-up frequency | 300..2500 | 500 | Hz |

See also Parameters: 4/02, 4/04

The start-up frequency is the switch frequency of the current regulator in the blocked condition of the motor. For the lower speed range, the switch frequency of which is determined by Parameter 4/04, this parameter is used together with Parameter 4/02, 4/04 and the current speed for the formation of a frequency ramp, with which the regulation of the current is carried out. If one operates the drive system in the 4Q mode or servo-mode, the start-up frequency has no significance. (Graphic illustration)



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 4/04 | CREMO | Vertex for maximum switch frequency | 100..800 | 300 | min^{-1} |

See also Parameters: 4/02, 4/03

If the momentary speed of the motor is less than this value (4/04), the current is regulated as a function of the current speed at a frequency that is between the switch frequency prescribed in Parameters 4/03 and 4/02. If the current speed increases above the speed value set in Parameter 4/04, then the maximum switch frequency comes into effect. By doing so, one obtains better efficiency from the system. This parameter has no effect with 4Q or servo-operation.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 4/05 | SERVO | Servo function | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/07

Activating this bit activates the servo function. With this parameter the circuitry is changed of the power transistors. This gives the motor a better concentric running.

- Note:**
- Losses in the controller increase
 - The current limit is reduced by approx. 20%.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 4/06 | ADR | Device address | 1..99 | 1 | - |

Every piece of TA-BL/P equipment can be addressed with this parameter, it being possible for you to communicate with a drive administrator or communication bus (such PROFIBUS). If various equipment is programmed with different addresses and linked via a PROFIBUS, one is able to operate the various pieces of equipment from one single operating interface (such as SPS).

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| 4/07 | PW PR | Parameter password (PG3000) | 0..999 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 4/08

If changes of the parameters set through the PG3000 are not desired for unauthorised individuals, you (qualified personnel) have the possibility of blocking access to the parameters with a password.

Note:

Only qualified personnel should make any changes to the parameters.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| 4/08 | PW CN | Control password (PG3000) | 0..999 | 111 | - |

See also Parameters: 4/07

The control system of the TA-BL/P equipment can be accessed with a password by means of a KeyPad (PG3000). If control by means of KeyPad is not desired, this is blocked by a password.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 4/09 | C DSP | Selection of the PG3000 display | 1..10 | 1 | - |

See also Parameters: 0/01 - 0/10

With Parameter 4/09 an actual value can be selected which will always be displayed when the mains voltage is applied. When the respective number of an actual value has been selected from Parameter Group 0, then the actual value desired appears when the KeyPad is turned on. (See TA-BL/P Manual PG3000 Description, Item 1.3)

Standard adjustment: Motor speed

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description | Value range | Standard parameter | Unit |
|---------------------|---------|--|---|-----------------------|------|
| 4/09 | C DSP | "Selection of display", which appears when the display of the PG3000 is turned on. | 1 =Motor speed 2 =Current 3 =Line speed 4 =Line speed 1 5 =Line speed 2 6 =Position (low) 7 =Position (high) 8 =Master speed 9 =Software version 10=Intermediate circuit voltage | 1 | - |

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 4/10 | B DSP | Bar graph selection (bar display) | 0..4 | 2 | - |

With the KeyPad (PG3000) it is possible to present and observe a system quantity as a bar graph (bar display). The TA-BL/P equipment supports this function and enables momentary presentation of the following system quantities:

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description | Value range | Standard parameter | Unit |
|---------------------|---------|---|---|-----------------------|------|
| 4/10 | B DSP | Bar graph selection (PG3000) (bar display) | 0=OFF 1=Speed 2=Current 3=Position (low) 4=Reserved | 2 | - |

Parameter Manual

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/11 | DSP F | Line speed multiplier | 1..9999 | 1000 | - |

See also Parameters: 0/03, 0/04, 0/05

By means of this parameter a factor can be set for calculating the line speed from the current actual speed. The line speeds are then provided in 1, 1/10 and 1/100 in Parameter Group 0 (see Parameters 0/3, 0/4 and 0/5) according to the following formula.

Line speed, for example, = 85 m/min at motor speed n = 1550 min⁻¹

$$\text{Line speed multiplier (4/11)} = \frac{\text{Line speed (0/03)} \times 1000}{\text{Speed (0/01)}} = \frac{85 \text{ m/min} \times 1000}{1550 \text{ min}^{-1}} = 54$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Line speed (0/03)} &= \text{Line speed} &= 85 \text{ m/min} \\ \text{Line speed (0/04)} &= \text{Line speed (0/03)/10} &= 8,5 \text{ m/min} \\ \text{Line speed (0/05)} &= \text{Line speed (0/03)/100} &= 0,85 \text{ m/min}\end{aligned}$$

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/12 | TRAN1 | Ratio multiplier (master) x value | 1..64000 | 1000 | - |

See also Parameters: 1/04, 3/13, 4/13, 4/17

The speed of the motor running as a slave can be derived from the master speed by multiplying by this parameter as a function of Parameter 4/13 (see the following equation). If the speed of the master changes, the slave drive changes the speed according to the active ramp in order to prevent any jumpy changing of speed by the slave. If you want to preselect different ratios, be sure to read Parameter 1/04 PR571.

$$\text{Slave_speed} = \frac{\text{Master_speed} \times \text{TRAN1 (4/12)}}{\text{TRAN2 (4/13)}}$$

Since the value range extends to 64000, the multiplier can be adjusted very precisely. (With servo applications, for example)

If a change of PRESET1, PRESET2, PRESET3 or TRANSMISSION1 occurs, (depending on the selected multiplication factor) the new multiplication factor (between Master and Slave) will be realized with a ramp.

EThe operating principle of slave operation can be found in detail Parameter 3/13 55LAV.

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/13 | TRAN2 | Ratio multiplier (master) / value | 1..64000 | 1000 | - |

See also Parameters: 4/12

The speed of the motor running as a slave can be derived from the master speed by dividing by this parameter as a function of Parameter 4/12 (see the equation in 4/12).

Both parameters (4/12 and 4/13) determine the speed ratio between master and slave drives.

Parameter Manual

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 4/14 | LIMIT | Master-Slave pulse limiting | 0..1 | 1 | - |

See also Parameters: 3/15

Synchronous running between master and slave is guaranteed as long as the current limit (see Parameters 1/07 and 1/09) has not been reached. However, if the slave drive reaches the current limit, when accelerating, for example, the following possibilities are available to you:

- 0 = Master impulses are saved and made up for even if the slave drive is running at the current limit.
- 1 = As long as the slave drive is running at the current limit, the master impulses will not be made up.

| Group/Parameter Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-------------------------|---|-------|--------------------|------|
| 4/15 RB CD | Leading freq. AB-signal or switch/direction of rotation | 0..1 | 0 | - |

See also Parameters: 4/17 (See also TA-BL/P Manual Connections Diagram, Item 6.2.3)

- 0 = Two-track master frequency
- 1 = Single-trace master frequency and rotational-direction signal

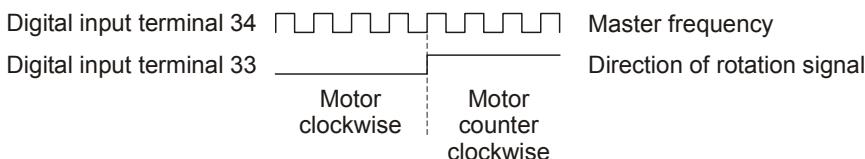
The TA-BL/P series provides two possibilities for incremental set-point processing for slave operation.

1. Master signal by means of two square-wave frequencies which are phase-shifted to 90° of one another. Two-track master frequencies have the advantage that the direction of rotation is recognised through the phase shifting.

Channel A: Digital input terminal 33

Channel B: Digital input terminal 34

2. Master signal with a frequency track and a static selection of the direction of rotation.



| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| 4/16 RNCOR | Angle correction | | 0..99 | 0 | - |

This parameter is reserved for later use and is not used in the current software.

| Group/Parameter | Display | Parameter Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 4/17 PPR M | Pulses from master | | 1..9999 | 120 | - |

See also Parameters: 4/15

With the help of this parameter the master speed is calculated.

1. For slave operation with A/B signal from the master, the impulse number/rotation has to be multiplied by 4.
2. For slave operation with a frequency track, the actual impulse number/rotation is adjusted.

Example:

A/B – track 30 impulses/rotation $\times 4 = \underline{\underline{120}}$

Single - track 200 impulses/rotation $\times 1 = \underline{\underline{200}}$

Parameter Manual

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/18 | KPSLV | P-amplification slave (static) | 0..100 | 1 | % |

This parameter determines the proportional amplification factor of the lag error regulation.

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/19 | KPAM | P-amplification acceleration | 0..100 | 0 | % |

This parameter determines the proportional amplification factor during the dynamic phase. If the electronic gearing is adjusted to be "angle synchronous" (Parameter 4/20 = 1), then the parameter for calculating the internal acceleration part of the list speed value of the slave applies.

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/20 | SMOD | Select operating mode of slave | 0..1 | 1 | - |

If the slave is not only to follow the master at exact speed but also at the exact angle, then the operating mode "Electronic Gearing Angle Synchronous" has to be selected. This means that if the parameter is set to 1, then the master and slave drives are linked by electronic gearing and run at synchronous angles. In this operating mode the lag error is detected and corrected. If this bit remains un-set, then the master drive and slave drive run by means of simple speed regulation.

| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/21 | PULSE | Target pulse number | 1..64000 | 1 | - |

This parameter is not evaluated in the current software.

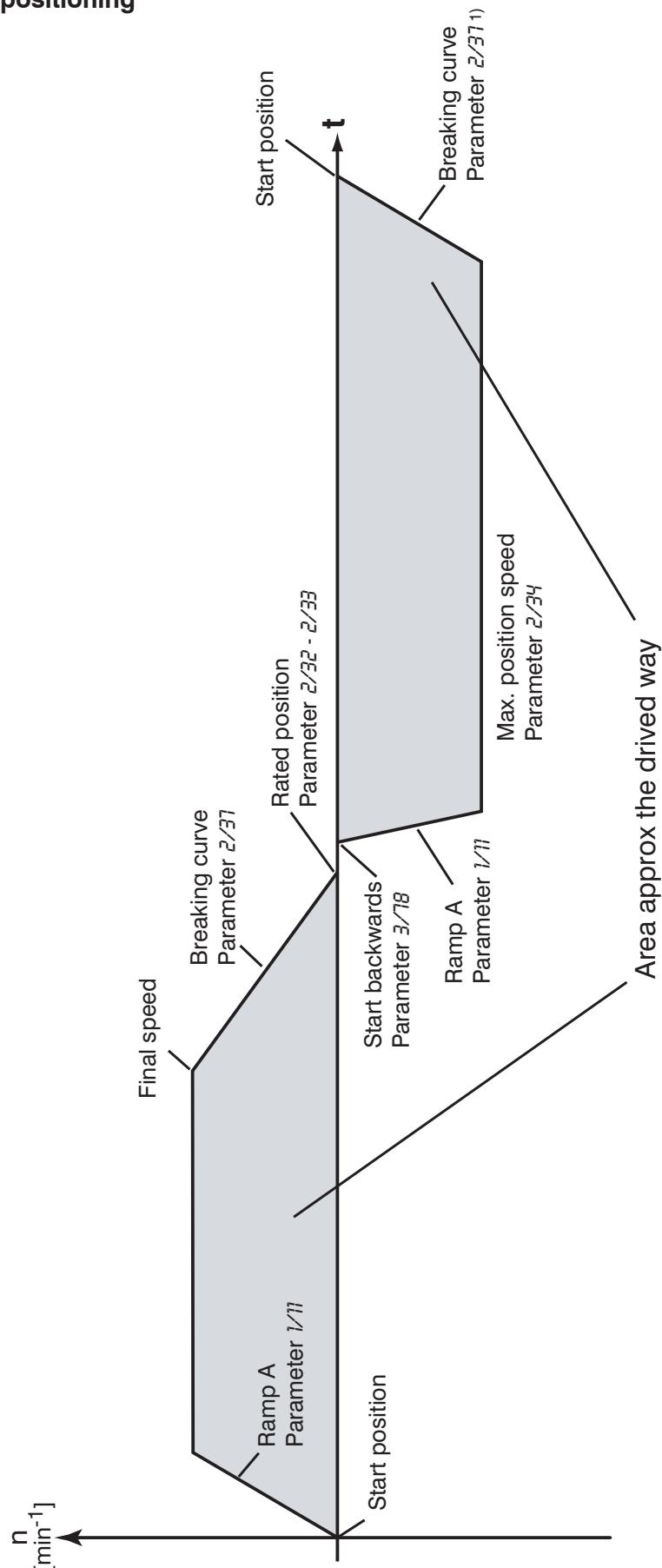
| Gruppe/Parameter | Display | Parameterbezeichnung | Wertebereich | Standardparameter | Einheit |
|------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 4/22 | CORR | Dynamic advance | 0..9999 | 0 | - |

This parameter is not evaluated in the current software.

Parameter Manual

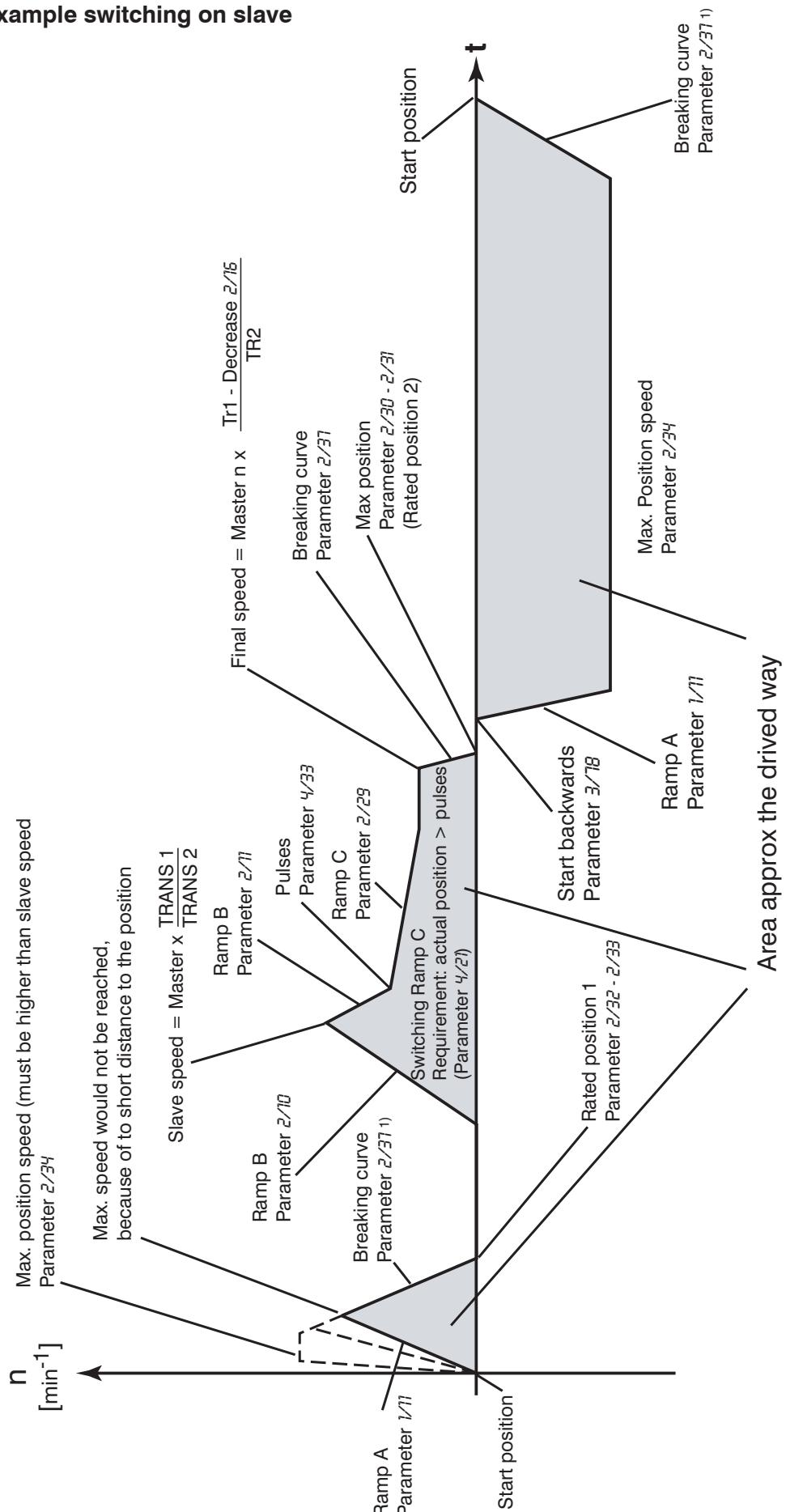
3. Positioning with a driveTA-BL/P from company TAE GmbH

3.1 Graph simple positioning



¹⁾ Is the brake time to short, can the drive not reach the position and turn to stop function.
The drive can be turned back to start position.

3.2 Graph example switching on slave



- 1) Is the brake time too short, can the drive not reach the position and turn to stop function.
The drive can be turned back to start position.

Parameter Manual

4. List of Parameters

4.1 Parameter group 1

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|---------------------|---------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 1/02 | MAXS | Maximum speed | 100 - 6000 | 1000 | min ⁻¹ |
| 1/03 | MINS | Minimum speed | 0 - 6000 | 0 | min ⁻¹ |
| 1/04 | PRST1 | 1. preset speed at master operation 1. multiplier in slave operation | 0 - 64000 | 0 | - |
| 1/05 | PRST2 | 2. preset speed at master operation 2. multiplier in slave operation | 0 - 64000 | 0 | - |
| 1/06 | PRST3 | 3. preset speed at master operation 3. multiplier in slave operation | 0 - 64000 | 0 | - |
| 1/07 | IL1Q | Max. current during motor operation (1Q) | 0,1 - I-max. | I-max. | A |
| 1/08 | 4QEN | Generator operation, enabled | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 1/09 | IL4Q | Current limit, Generator operation | 0,1 - I-max. | I-max. | A |
| 1/10 | RAMP | Speed ramp type | 0=jump 1=ramp 2=S-curve | 1 | - |
| 1/11 | ACCEL | Acceleration time A (start-up) | 0,1 - 599,9 | 10,0 | s |
| 1/12 | DECCEL | Deceleration time A (shut-down) | 0,1 - 599,9 | 10,0 | s |
| 1/13 | LERDE | Leaded deceleration | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 1/14 | BRAKE | 0,5s stopping torque at n<10 | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 1/15 | DELOF | Drive lock at set-point value=0 & n=0 | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 1/16 | P RAMP | Speed regulator, P-amplification | 0 - 100 | 5 | % |
| 1/17 | I RAMP | Speed regulator, Integral proportion | 0 - 100 | 4 | % |
| 1/18 | YIOP | Valid range of I-proportion in n-regulator | 1 - 255 | 255 | min ⁻¹ |
| 1/19 | SAVE | Save Parameter to EEPROM | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |

Parameter Manual

4.2 Parameter group 2

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description | Range | Standard- Parameter | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------|--|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2/02 | <i>STORD</i> | Read standard parameters | 0 or 1 | - | - |
| 2/03 | <i>RATSP</i> | Motor rated speed (Lower Speed by BL-N-Motors) | 0 - 6000 | - | min ⁻¹ |
| 2/04 | <i>POLES</i> | Motor poles | 2 - 32 | - | - |
| 2/05 | <i>PPR</i> | Pulses per revolution from Motor x4 | 1 - 9999 | - | - |
| 2/06 | <i>MRCU</i> | Motor rated current | 1,0 - 3000,0 | - | A |
| 2/07 | <i>MPECU</i> | Motor peak current | 1,0 - 3000,0 | - | A |
| 2/08 | <i>OCTIM</i> | Overcurrent time (at n<300 min ⁻¹) | 0 - 200 | 80 | s |
| 2/09 | <i>SETAB</i> | Selection ramp A or B or change between ramp A or B | 0 = ramp A 1 = SWTR 3 = dir 4 = ramp B 5 = motorpoti 6 = set B 7= slave set B | 0 | - |
| 2/10 | <i>ACC B</i> | Acceleration time B (start-up) | 0,1 - 599,9 | 180,0 | s |
| 2/11 | <i>DEC B</i> | Deceleration time B (shut-down) | 0,1 - 599,9 | 180,0 | s |
| 2/12 | <i>PHADV</i> | Phase advance | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 2/13 | <i>PHADN</i> | Phase advance at nominal speed | 0 - 99 | 30 | % |
| 2/14 | <i>PHADM</i> | Phase advance at maximum speed | 0 - 99 | 50 | % |
| 2/15 | <i>INCR</i> | Increase speed (master operation) Increase multiplier (slave operation) | 0 - 9999 | 0 | min ^{-1/-} |
| 2/16 | <i>DECR</i> | Decrease speed (master operation) Decrease multiplier (slave operation) | 0 - 9999 | 0 | min ^{-1/-} |
| 2/17 | <i>FINE</i> | Speed fine tuning1/4 rpm | 0 - 3 | 0 | 1/4 min ⁻¹ |
| 2/18 | <i>SWTR</i> | Speed message | 10 - 6000 | 100 | min ⁻¹ |
| 2/19 | <i>IL20</i> | Message delay, current limit reached | 1 - 9999 | 1 | s |
| 2/20 | <i>CODO</i> | Fixed configuration of the digital outputs | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 2/21 | <i>DIRAN</i> | Revers by negative input voltage | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 2/22 | <i>4MA</i> | Analog input 1, 0-20mA or 20mA | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 2/23 | <i>CLT1</i> | Torque limit, time constant | 0,01 - 300,00 | 0,01 | s |
| 2/24 | <i>UVTIM</i> | Delay of undervoltage switch off | 0,0 - 3000,0 | 0,1 | s |
| 2/25 | <i>OV_4Q</i> | Maximum reducing circuit voltage | 100 - 1500 | 900 | V |
| 2/26 | <i>PTQL</i> | Programable torque limit | 0 - 100,0 | 100,0 | % |
| 2/27 | <i>MPTUL</i> | Motorpoti transmission limit (UP) | 0 - 100 | 0 | % |
| 2/28 | <i>MPTDL</i> | Motorpoti transmission limit (DOWN) | 0 - 100 | 0 | % |

Parameters 2/29 to 2/37 are parameters for options refer to chapter 4.5

Parameter Manual

4.3 Parameter group 3

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description Range | Range | Standard- Parameter | |
|---------------------|--------------|---|---|--|---|
| 3/02 | <i>SRES</i> | Reset fault | 0 = OFF 1 = ON 2 to 13 = terminals at the TA-BL/P | 2 (TE.2) | |
| 3/03 | <i>SRUN</i> | Run | | 3 (TE.3) | |
| 3/04 | <i>SPRS1</i> | Preset speed (1) | | 4 (TE.4) | |
| 3/05 | <i>SDIR</i> | Direction of rotation (Master mode) | | 5 (TE.5) | |
| 3/06 | <i>SHOLD</i> | Quick stop | | 6 (TE.6) | |
| 3/07 | <i>SPRS2</i> | Preset speed (2) | | 7 (TE.7) | |
| 3/08 | <i>SMOT</i> | Motorpoti function / ON-OFF | | 8 (TE.8) | |
| 3/09 | <i>SUP</i> | Motorpoti function speed - UP | | 9 (TE.9) | |
| 3/10 | <i>SDOWN</i> | Motorpoti function speed - DOWN | | 10 (TE.10) | |
| 3/11 | <i>SINC</i> | Increase speed (master operation) Increase multiplier (slave operation) | | 11 (TE.11) | |
| 3/12 | <i>SDEC</i> | Decrease speed (master operation) Decrease multiplier (slave operation) | | 12 (TE.12) | |
| 3/13 | <i>SSLAV</i> | Master/Slave | | 13 (TE.13) | |
| 3/14 | <i>SSPER</i> | Suppress feedback error | | 0 | |
| 3/15 | <i>SSYNC</i> | Synchron, angle or speed | | 1 | |
| 3/16 | <i>SRNG</i> | Angle correction | | 0 | |
| 3/17 | <i>SICW</i> | End switch clockwise (cw) | | 0 | |
| 3/18 | <i>SICCW</i> | End switch counter clockwise (ccw) | | 0 | |
| 3/19 | <i>SSETB</i> | Ramp A or ramp B selection | | 0 | |
| 3/20 | <i>SLDIR</i> | Change rotating direction for follow-up drives | | 0 | |
| 3/21 | <i>STOL</i> | External torque limit | | 0 | |
| 3/22 | <i>SSER</i> | External Error shut down | | 0 | |
| 3/23 | <i>SSDC</i> | Disable controller | | 0 | |
| 3/24 | <i>STLRP</i> | Torque limit analog / Programmable | | 0 | |
| 3/25 | <i>IPL2</i> | Input logic terminals 2 to 13 (Polarity inversion) | TE.2 | 0=Input is active and if +24V are connected input is inactive 1=Input is inactive and if +24V are connected input is active | 1 |
| 3/26 | <i>IPL3</i> | | TE.3 | | 1 |
| 3/27 | <i>IPL4</i> | | TE.4 | | 1 |

Parameter Manual

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description Range | | Range | Standard Parameter | |
|---------------------|---------|---|-------|---|-----------------------|--|
| 3/28 | IPL5 | Input logic terminals 2 to 13 (Polarity inversion) | TE.5 | 0=Input is active and if +24V are connected input is inactive | 1 | |
| 3/29 | IPL6 | | TE.6 | | 1 | |
| 3/30 | IPL7 | | TE.7 | | 1 | |
| 3/31 | IPL8 | | TE.8 | | 1 | |
| 3/32 | IPL9 | | TE.9 | | 1 | |
| 3/33 | IPL10 | | TE.10 | 1=Input is inactive and if +24V are connected input is active | 1 | |
| 3/34 | IPL11 | | TE.11 | | 1 | |
| 3/35 | IPL12 | | TE.12 | | 1 | |
| 3/36 | IPL13 | | TE.13 | | 1 | |
| 3/37 | SD48 | Output programming | TE.48 | 0=OFF 1=Fault 2=Delayed Current limit 3=Speed reached 4=Ready 5=Operation 6=Speed detected 7=n > 9 rpm 8=current limit 9=motor over current 10=reserve 11=position OK 12=leaded speed reached 13=position pass | 4 | |
| 3/38 | SD47 | | TE.47 | 1 | | |
| 3/39 | SK45 | | TE.45 | 7 | | |
| 3/40 | SK44 | | TE.44 | 2 | | |
| 3/41 | SK43 | | TE.43 | 6 | | |
| 3/42 | PD48 | Output logic relay | TE.48 | 0 or 1 | 1 | |
| 3/43 | PD47 | | TE.47 | 0 or 1 | 1 | |
| 3/44 | POK45 | Output logic optocoupler | TE.45 | 0 or 1 | 1 | |
| 3/45 | POK44 | | TE.44 | 0 or 1 | 0 | |
| 3/46 | POK43 | | TE.43 | 0 or 1 | 1 | |
| 3/47 | ROSEL | Function analog output | | 1=Motor speed 2=Motor current | 1 | |
| 3/48 | RSEL1 | Set-point speed with ramp | | 0=OFF 1=analog input 2=analog input 2 3=(without funktion) | 1 | |
| 3/49 | RSEL2 | Set-point speed without ramp | | | 0 | |
| 3/50 | RSEL3 | Set-point value, torque limit | | | 0 | |
| 3/51 | RSEL4 | Source of Position maximum speed | | | 0 | |
| 3/52 | RSEL5 | Selection of analog input (reserved) | | 15=(without funktion) | 0 | |
| 3/53 | RSEL6 | Selection of analog input (reserved) | | | 0 | |
| 3/54 | TRQEN | Operate Torque regulation | | 0=OFF 1=ON | 0 | |
| 3/55 | KLIXEN | Thermal switch active | | 0=inactive 1=active | 0 | |

If the fixed configuration of the digital outputs is set (parameter 2/20 = 1), the values of the parameters 3/37 to 3/46 are without any function.

Parameter Manual

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description Range | Range | Standard Parameter | |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 3/56 | <i>PP0R</i> | Profibus parameters | 0 read | Profibus-No. 0 - 255 | 0 |
| 3/57 | <i>PP0W</i> | | 0 write | | 0 |
| 3/58 | <i>PP1R</i> | | 1 read | | 0 |
| 3/59 | <i>PP1W</i> | | 1 write | | 0 |
| 3/60 | <i>PP2R</i> | | 2 read | | 0 |
| 3/61 | <i>PP2W</i> | | 2 write | | 0 |
| 3/62 | <i>PP3R</i> | | 3 read | | 0 |
| 3/63 | <i>PP3W</i> | | 3 write | | 0 |
| 3/64 | <i>PP4R</i> | | 4 read | | 0 |
| 3/65 | <i>PP4W</i> | | 4 write | | 0 |
| 3/66 | <i>PP5R</i> | | 5 read | | 0 |
| 3/67 | <i>PP5W</i> | | 5 write | | 0 |
| 3/68 | <i>PP6R</i> | | 6 read | | 0 |
| 3/69 | <i>PP6W</i> | | 6 write | | 0 |
| 3/70 | <i>PP7R</i> | | 7 read | | 0 |
| 3/71 | <i>PP7W</i> | | 7 write | | 0 |
| 3/72 | <i>CROP1</i> | Change analog output polarity | 0=inactive 1=active | | 0 |
| 3/73 | <i>POSEN</i> | Commonfault in position sensor | 0=inactive 1=active | | 0 |
| 3/80 | <i>INVCO</i> | Invert Counter dir when Pos-Off | 0=inactive 1=active | | 0 |
| 3/82 | <i>SMPOT</i> | Save Motorpoti value by Power down | 0=inactive 1=active | | 0 |

Parameters 3/74 to 3/79, 3/81 are parameters for options refer to chapter 4.5



An alteration of the parameters in the parameter group -4-, may be carried out by trained staff only.

4.4 Parameter group 4

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description | Range | Standard Parameter | Unit |
|---------------------|---------|---|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 4/02 | CFMAX | Maximum switch frequency | 500 - 18000 | 4500 | Hz |
| 4/03 | CFMIN | Start-up frequency | 300 - 2500 | 500 | Hz |
| 4/04 | CREND | Vertex for maximum switch frequency | 100 - 800 | 300 | min ⁻¹ |
| 4/05 | SERVO | Servo function | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 4/06 | ADR | Device address for serial interface | 1 - 99 | 1 | - |
| 4/07 | PW PR | Parameter password(PG3000) | 0 - 999 | 0 | - |
| 4/08 | PW CN | Control password(PG3000) | 0 - 999 | 111 | - |
| 4/09 | C DSP | Selection of the actual value which is indicated on the display of the PG 3000 after switch on. | 1=Speed 2=Current 3=Line speed 4=Line speed 1 5=Line speed 2 6=Position (low) 7=Position (high) 8=Leading speed 9=Software vers. 10=Buss voltage | 1 | - |
| 4/10 | B DSP | Bargraph selection(PG3000) | 0=OFF 1=Speed 2=Current 3=Position (low) 4=reserved | 2 | - |
| 4/11 | DSP F | Line speed multiplier 1,000 (PG3000) | 1 - 9999 | 1000 | - |
| 4/12 | TRAN1 | Ratio multiplier n (Master) x value | 1 - 64000 | 1000 | - |
| 4/13 | TRAN2 | Ratio multiplier n (Master) / value | 1 - 64000 | 1000 | - |
| 4/14 | LIMIT | Master-Slave pulse limiting at current limit | 0 or 1 | 1 | - |
| 4/15 | AB CD | Leading frequency AB-signal or switch/direction of rotation | 0 or 1 | 0 | - |
| 4/16 | RNCOR | Angle correction | 0 - 99 | 0 | - |
| 4/17 | PPR M | Pulses from Master | 1 - 9999 | 120 | - |
| 4/18 | KPSLV | P-amplification slave (static) | 0 - 100 | 1 | % |
| 4/19 | KPAR | P-amplification acceleration | 0 - 100 | 0 | % |
| 4/20 | SMOD | Select operating mode of slave | 1=Electrical gear | 1 | - |
| 4/21 | PULSE | Target puls number | 1 - 64000 | 1 | - |
| 4/22 | CORR | Dynamic advance | 0 - 9999 | 0 | - |

Parameter Manual

4.5 Parameters for option positioning

| Group/ Parameter | Display | Description | Range | Standard- parameter | Unit |
|---------------------|---------|--|-------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| 2/29 | DEC_C | Deceleration Time C | 0,1 - 599,9 | 180,0 | s |
| 2/30 | PHMAX | Maximum rated-Position x10000 | 0 - 65535 | 0 | - |
| 2/31 | PLMAX | Maximum rated-Position x1 | 0 - 9999 | 0 | - |
| 2/32 | PHIGH | Rated-Position x10000 | 0 - 65535 | 0 | - |
| 2/33 | PLOW | Rated-Position x1 | 0 - 9999 | 0 | - |
| 2/34 | MPOS_P | Position maximum speed | 1 - 6000 | 100 | min ⁻¹ |
| 2/35 | WINPO | position window(encoder pulses x4) | 1 - 255 | 30 | - |
| 2/36 | KPP_P | proportional Amplifier for Positioning | 1 - 255 | 75 | - |
| 2/37 | ADJBC | Adjust start of breaking curve | 0,1 - 100,0 | 1,0 | s |

| | | | | | |
|------|-------|--|--|---|---|
| 3/74 | STPOS | Input Selection Go to 1st position | 0=OFF 1=ON 2 to 13= terminals at the TA-BL/P | 0 | - |
| 3/75 | BRCUR | Input Selection Type of Break curve: Ramp/S-curve | | 0 | - |
| 3/76 | REPOS | Input Selection Reset Position | | 0 | - |
| 3/77 | REFPO | Input Selection Define direction of position | | 0 | - |
| 3/78 | RUKPO | Input Selection Go to Start position | | 0 | - |
| 3/79 | ENPOS | Input Selection Enable positioning | | 0 | - |
| 3/81 | F_JOG | Input Select. Dig. Speed Rated Value enable | | 0 | - |

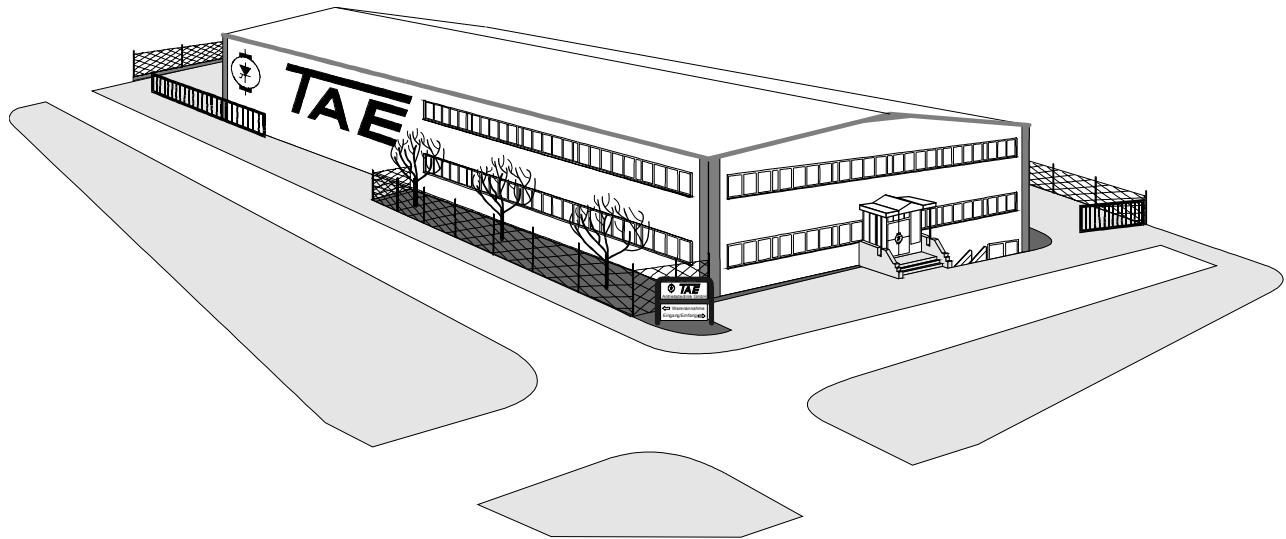
At version BL60430:

Remark:

The source of maximum positioning speed (analog or digital) can be selected through Parameter 3/51

- 3/51 = 0 Digital Value = (2/34) Position maximum speed done by field bus system
- 3/51 = 1 Analog input 1 Position maximum speed done by analog input 1
- 3/51 = 2 Analog input 2 Position maximum speed done by analog input 2

The parameters 3/74 to 3/79 and 3/81 can be also activated through digital inputs.



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